Ction Everything™ Wireless

Certification Requirements for Battery System Compliance to IEEE 1725

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Section 1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this document is to define the CTIA Certification Program requirements for validating compliance to the IEEE Std 1725^{TM 1}-2011 ("IEEE 1725") Standard for Rechargeable Batteries for Cellular Telephones.

The process and procedures for battery system validation are described in the CTIA Battery Program Management Document (BPMD).

The Certification Requirements Status List (CRSL) defines the current status of each requirement within this document. Refer to the BPMD for further details.

1.2 Scope

This document defines the process to validate each requirement in the IEEE 1725 specification.

1.3 Applicable Documents

The following documents are referenced in this Certification Requirements Document (CRD). Unless otherwise specified, the latest released version shall be used:

Standard for Rechargeable Batteries for Cellular Telephones, IEEE Std 1725-2011, June 2011, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc.

CTIA Battery Program Management Document, Latest Revision, CTIA.

UL 1642, Standard for Lithium Batteries.

<u>Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria,</u> Part III, Sub-section 38.3, Fifth Revised Edition, United Nations, New York and Geneva.

UL 2054, <u>Household and Commercial Batteries</u>, Second Edition (with revisions), September 14, 2011.

IEC 61000-4-2, <u>Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Part 4-2 Testing and measurement</u> techniques - Electrostatic discharge immunity test.

IEC 61000-4-5, <u>Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)</u> Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques - Surge immunity test.

¹ IEEE Std 1725 is a registered trademark of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc.

IEC 60068-2-32, Environmental testing. Part 2: Tests. Test Ed: Free fall.

IEC 60068-2-30, Environmental testing. Part 2: Tests. Test Db: Damp heat, cyclic (12 h + 12 h cycle).

IEC 60950-1, Information technology equipment - Safety - Part 1: General requirements.

MIL-STD-810F, <u>Department of Defense Test Method Standard for Environmental</u> <u>Engineering Considerations and Laboratory Tests.</u>

ANSI/ISO/ASQ-Q9001, Quality Management System - Requirements.

Universal Serial Bus Specification, Revision 2.0, April 27, 2000.

<u>Universal Serial Bus Cables and Connectors Class Document</u>, USB Implementers Forum, Inc., Revision 2.0, August 2007.

Common Charging and Local Data Connectivity, OMTP Limited, Version 1.1, 8th June 2010.

IEC 62684:2011, Interoperability specifications of common external power supply (EPS) for use with data-enabled mobile telephones.

Battery Charging Specification, USB Implementers Forum, Inc., Revision 1.2, March 15, 2012.

1.4 Acronyms and Definitions

Ambient Temperature: $20 \pm 5 \ ^{\circ}C$

Breaching: Any opening in the cell structure excluding proper vent activation.

BPMD – Battery Program Management Document

C – Rated capacity of a Battery or Cell as defined by IEC 62133 and UL 2054

CRD - Certification Requirements Document

CRSL - Certification Requirements Status List

DOE – Design of Experiment

ESD – Electrostatic Discharge

FMEA – Failure Mode and Effects Analysis

PCM – Protection Circuit Module

PM – Preventive Maintenance

PMD – Program Management Document

- PTC Positive Temperature Coefficient. Refers to a passive overcurrent protection device that is technically a resettable conductive polymer-based thermistor. Also known as a CID (Current Interrupt Device).
- SOC State of Charge based on Coulomb counting. 100% SOC can be achieved by following the cell vendor's recommended algorithm.
- SOP Standard Operating Procedure

Section 2 Validation Process

Compliance of battery systems to the IEEE 1725 standard shall be validated through a combination of reviewing of evidence, auditing of facilities and processes, and testing of products. The descriptive fields provided for each line item requirement in the CRSL define the validation process for each requirement in this CRD. Definitions for these entries are provided within the CRSL itself.

Section 3 System Integration Validation

3.1 System Integration Considerations

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 4.1

- Purpose: Conduct a system analysis that considers two independent faults.
- Procedure: Review an FMEA or equivalent analysis of the energy storage system, including the cell, pack, host, charger and accompanying accessories and the interaction between the subsystems, to determine that hazards (as defined in IEEE1725 clause 3) are minimized from two independent faults for charge or one fault for discharge or one fault for system storage.
- Compliance: Shall include all of the following:

Documents include all system components as described in the system registration with CTIA.

Analysis considers a minimum of two independent faults for charge.

Analysis considers a minimum of one independent fault for discharge.

Analysis considers the impact of hazards occurring due to reasonable and foreseeable misuse.

Analysis identifies end-user responsibilities for reliable total system operation per Clause 9 of IEEE 1725.

Analysis identifies vendor responsibilities for independent and/or distributed control schemes for reliable total system operation.

Analysis considers all system usage scenarios to include charge, discharge, and storage.

Analysis includes the cell, pack, host, adapter, and accompanying accessories that are a part of the system.

Analysis includes interactions between the subsystems.

3.2 AC Subsystem Requirements

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 4.2

Purpose: Ensure compliance to IEC 60950-1 or standard of destination country.

Procedure: Confirm compliance to IEC 60950-1 or standard of destination country.

Compliance: Ensure compliance to electrical safety requirements of the country of destination. Minimum marking shall be NRTL (Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory). Refer to: www.OSHA.gov.

3.3 DC Subsystem Requirements

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 4.2
- Purpose: Ensure compliance to standard of destination country.
- Procedure: Confirm compliance to standard of destination country.
- Compliance: Ensure compliance to electrical safety requirements of the country of destination. Minimum marking shall be NRTL (Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory). Refer to: www.OSHA.gov.

3.4 Subsystem Requirements, Transport of Dangerous Goods, Battery Pack

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 4.2
- Purpose: Ensure compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria.
- Procedure: Review test report confirming compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria.
- Compliance: Test report confirming compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria exists.

3.5 Subsystem Requirements, Transport of Dangerous Goods, Cell

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 4.2
- Purpose: Ensure compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria.
- Procedure: Review test report confirming compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria.
- Compliance: Test report confirming compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria exists.

3.6 Subsystem Requirements, Destination Country

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 4.2
- Purpose: Ensure compliance to standard of destination country.
- Procedure: Confirm compliance to standard of destination country.
- Compliance: Vendor declaration of compliance document provided.

3.7 Subsystem Requirements, UL 1642 or IEC 62133 (With US Deviations if applicable)

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 4.2

- Purpose: Ensure compliance to UL 1642 or IEC 62133 (with US deviations if applicable).
- Procedure: Confirm compliance to UL 1642 or IEC 62133 (with US deviations if applicable).
- Compliance: Vendor declaration of compliance document provided, including evidence showing that all tests called for in UL 1642 or IEC 62133 (with US deviations if applicable) have passed.

Section 4 Cell Validation

4.1 Stability

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.1.1

- Purpose: To ensure that separator materials have the appropriate properties to meet expectations of performance and safety.
- Procedure: Review the engineering report for separator selection. Verify that chemical, electrochemical, thermal, and mechanical properties of the separator have been addressed.
- Compliance: Engineering report contains data that indicates evaluation for chemical, electrochemical, thermal, and mechanical stability of separator is done.

4.2 Isolation Properties

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.1.3

- Purpose: To ensure that the separator/cell design shall maintain isolation under high temperature stress conditions for a reasonable period of time to maintain the safety of the cell.
- Procedure: 5 cells at 80% +/- 5%SOC to be placed in oven at ambient temperature. The oven temperature shall be ramped at $5 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C per minute to $150 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C. After 10 minutes at $150 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C, the test is complete.
- Compliance: No fire, smoke, explosion or breaching of the cell is allowed within the first 10 minutes. Venting is permitted.

4.3 Strength and Physical Integrity

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.1.4
- Purpose: To ensure that the design of separator thickness is made through engineering judgment such that the separator has the requisite strength to ensure cell safety and robustness to handling.
- Procedure: Review engineering studies, FMEA and design studies.
- Compliance: Documentation reviewed supports that the separator has sufficient physical integrity to withstand handling during the cell manufacturing process and provides adequate strength in the z direction (normal to the electrode plane) to ensure cell safety performance.

4.4 Shrinkage Allowance, Ambient Temperature

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.1.5

- Purpose: To ensure that the separator is designed such that shrinkage characteristics of the material are taken into account to maintain anode and cathode separation.
- Procedure: Tear down 5 cells and measure separator coverage on each side at ambient temperature.

Compliance: Measurements shall demonstrate at least 0.1 mm separator coverage on each side (plus process margin). If less than 0.1 mm overlap is observed, the cell vendor shall submit supporting safety evidence.

4.5 Shrinkage Allowance, Elevated Temperature

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.1.5

- Purpose: To ensure that the separator is designed such that shrinkage characteristics of the material are taken into account to maintain anode and cathode separation.
- Procedure: 5 cells at 100% SOC shall be placed in an oven at ambient temperature. The oven temperature shall be ramped at $5 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C per minute to $110 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C. After 1 hour at 110 $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C, the test is complete. Allow cells to cool down to ambient temperature. Cells shall be torn down and separator width measured.
- Compliance: Width of separator after tear down at ambient temperature shall be larger than the positive electrode.

4.6 Shrinkage Allowance

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.1.5
- Purpose: To ensure that the separator is designed such that shrinkage characteristics of the material are taken into account to maintain anode and cathode separation.
- Procedure: Review design analysis and data on separator shrinkage characteristics for 32 samples.
- Compliance: Design analysis has been done and analytically verified by the vendor. Measurement data from the 32 samples shall demonstrate a minimum of 0.1 mm separator coverage on each side (plus process margin). If less than 0.1 mm overlap is observed, the cell vendor shall submit supporting safety evidence.

4.7 Electrode Design Criteria

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.2

- Purpose: Electrode design constituents for both the anode and the cathode shall be designed to assure performance, safety, and durability in the designated application.
- Procedure: Verify the design validation report for electrodes design.

Compliance: Design validation report for electrodes design is available that specifies material content and purity. Design validation report has evidence that indicates environmental factors such as temperature and relative humidity appropriate for the designated application are considered.

4.8 Electrode Capacity Balance

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.3
- Purpose: To ensure that the charge capacity of the electrodes are properly balanced.
- Procedure: Verify the engineering report for capacity (mAh/cm2) of the anode and cathode electrodes.
- Compliance: The ratio of Anode to Cathode capacity per unit area (Ca/Cc) at first charge is equal to or greater than 1.001.

4.9 Electrode Geometry

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.3

- Purpose: To ensure that the electrode alignment parameters are designed and controlled such that the safety of the cell is not compromised.
- Procedure: Tear down 5 cells.
- Compliance: The negative electrode active area shall extend beyond all positive electrode active area edges by at least 0.1 mm (plus process margin) unless process capability/stability is demonstrated to be less than 0.1 mm.

4.10 Electrode Geometry

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.3
- Purpose: To ensure that the electrode alignment parameters are designed and controlled such that the safety of the cell is not compromised.
- Procedure: Verify the design validation report for complete coverage of active area of positive electrode by negative electrode.
- Compliance: Vendor provides data for 32 samples. The data must indicate that the negative electrode extends beyond all positive electrode edges by at least 0.1 mm (plus process margin) unless process capability/stability is demonstrated to be less than 0.1 mm.

4.11 Electrode Tabs (connection to cell terminals)

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.4
- Purpose: To ensure proper design and control of electrode tab length and overhang such that safety of the cell is not compromised. (Refer to Figure 5 of IEEE1725).

- Procedure: Review design and test data regarding the extending (electrically conductive) tab end. Verify on 5 samples that tabs do not overhang both sides of the electrode.
- Compliance: Engineering data for tab design (exposed tab length and tab overhang) is available. Exposed tab length is within vendor specification. Tabs do not overhang both sides of the electrode.

4.12 Application of Insulation

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.5.1

- Purpose: Reduce the potential of short circuit by ensuring the proper insulation of the internal cell tab.
- Procedure: Verify on 5 samples that the insulation scheme (may contain multiple components) continues until it reaches the point of attachment to the cell terminal. Not applicable to the cells that have more than one single tab at cell core initiation (such as stacking or folding configurations).
- Compliance: Tabs with opposite polarity as the enclosure shall be insulated from its electrode assembly (electrodes and separator) exit point until it reaches the point of attachment to the cell terminal.

4.13 Application of Insulation

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.5.1

- Purpose: Reduce the potential of short circuit by ensuring the proper insulation of the internal cell tab.
- Procedure: Visually inspect the placement of tab insulation scheme (may contain multiple components). Compare the observations with vendor's cell specifications. Not applicable to the cells that have more than one single tab at cell core initiation (such as stacking or folding configurations).
- Compliance: Insulation exists and complies with vendor's cell specification unless demonstrated by documented evaluation report.

4.14 Application of Supplementary Insulation

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.5.1

- Purpose: To confirm compliance to the requirement for supplementary insulation where only a single separator layer exists adjacent to the internal tab.
- Procedure: Analyze 5 units for isolation of tab from the opposite electrode. Not applicable to the cells that have more than one single tab at cell core initiation (such as stacking or folding configurations).
- Compliance: Additional insulation has been used if only a single layer of separator isolates the tab from the opposite electrode.

4.15 Insulation Characteristics

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.5.2

- Purpose: To verify that the insulator material will be stable in a temperature range of -40°C to 150°C.
- Procedure: Verify the existence of insulation material test/evaluation report and specification sheet as applied to its usage within the cell at a temperature range of -40°C to 150°C.
- Compliance: Evaluation report indicates that the insulation material has electrochemical, chemical, mechanical (permanent adherence & good puncture resistance) and thermal stability in a temperature range of -40°C to 150°C.

4.16 Cell Vent Mechanism

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.6

Purpose: To ensure cell designs include a consistent vent mechanism.

Procedure: Test lab to verify vent design and operation on 5 cells per their internal procedure.

- 1) Take 5 samples at ambient temperature (SOC is not critical; HOWEVER, to reduce hazards discharged cells are recommended).
- 2) Penetrate the cell
 - a) Canister type cell: Penetrate the can on opposite end of the cell canister. Not the same side as the vent.
 - b) Pouch type cell: Use a needle to penetrate the pouch as far away from the seam.
- 3) Connect cell to an inflow mechanism without disturbing the cell internals.
- 4) Seal using appropriate sealing method (e.g. epoxy, o-ring).
- 5) Use compressed inert gas (e.g. Air or inert gas (eg. N2, Ar etc.)) and pressurize at a rate of 5 +/-1 psi (35 kPa +/- 7 kPa) intervals.
- 6) Hold pressure for a minimum of 5 sec per interval.
- 7) Note the activation pressure of the vent.
- Compliance: Vent operates per the vendor specification. Visual inspection confirms that the vent operated at its intended location.

4.17 Retention of Cell Contents and Projectile Testing

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.6.1 and 5.2.6.2
- Purpose: To confirm vent design performance.
- Procedure: Verify the availability of a report and/or certificate demonstrating UL 1642 Section 20 Projectile Test (Mar. 2012 release).
- Compliance: Compliance per UL 1642 Projectile Test.

4.18 Overcurrent Protection Device

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.7

- Purpose: To confirm that cells qualified with ancillary protective measures are employed at the pack level with such measures intact.
- Procedure: Review cell specifications to determine if component cell was qualified with a PTC or other protective device. Review current construction of 1 sample to see if same device is in evidence in pack construction.
- Compliance: If the cell design was qualified with a PTC or other protective device, this protective device is present in the battery pack.

4.19 Maximum Recommended Voltage

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.2. 8
- Purpose: To confirm that the cell vendor has provided a recommended maximum voltage for the appropriate pack overvoltage protection function.
- Procedure: Confirm the existence of an overvoltage limit in the cell specification.
- Compliance: Recommended maximum cell voltage is listed in the cell specification.

4.20 Materials Specifications

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.3.1
- Purpose: To validate that impurity limits have been defined.
- Procedure: Verify that the design report defines impurities and their critical limits. Verify that the raw material specifications for impurities are within critical limits. Verify the raw material data/records comply with the raw material specifications.
- Compliance: Raw material specifications for impurities are within critical limits as listed in the design report. Actual raw material meets the specification.

4.21 Cleanliness of Manufacturing Operations

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.3.3
- Purpose: To ensure that proper environmental controls are in place and effective in the manufacturing and staging area. Measures are in place to prevent the introduction of metal contamination.
- Procedure: Verify that the temperature, humidity and impurity levels in the manufacturing area are specified in the control plan and implemented. Verify vendor has systems in place to prevent the introduction of metal contamination.
- Compliance: Temperature, humidity and impurity levels are within specification. Methods and survey operations by which manufacturing and supporting supply chain facilities

present no conditions that can cause degradation or damage to materials before, during and after production.

4.22 Manufacturing Traceability

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.3.4
- Purpose: To ensure that an effective cell traceability plan has been implemented.

Procedure: Confirm traceability method and validate incorporation within the product.

Compliance: Cell has traceability from the market back to manufacturing site and production lot.

4.23 Uniform Coating of Active Materials

Reference:	IEEE 1725, Section 5.3.5
Purpose:	To ensure that the electrode coating process has been properly characterized, optimized, controlled, and continuously improved.
Procedure:	Verify that the negative and positive electrodes' weight and thickness are controlled within the specifications.
Compliance:	Material specifications exist and are current. Negative and positive electrodes weight and thickness are controlled within specifications.

4.24 Burr Control

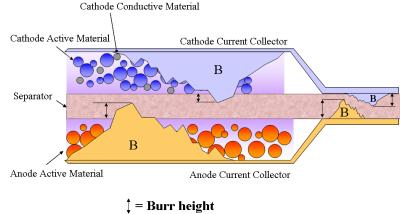
Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.3.6

- Purpose: The manufacturer shall have a method to prevent internal short circuit caused by burrs, either by manufacturing control or design prevention.
- Procedure: Verify that the manufacturer has a method to prevent internal short circuit caused by burrs, either by:

1) Manufacturing control, which consists of measurements at least once per shift or once per manufacturing lot at each cutting point to determine whether or not burr heights are less than 50% of the lower tolerance limit of the separator thickness; or

2) Design prevention, which may include insulation taping or coating at uncoated foil, or documented engineering analysis (such as FMEA) that shows that burr heights may exceed 50% of the lower tolerances of the separator without resulting in internal shorts. Considerations may include coating thickness, separator thickness, coated versus uncoated electrodes areas, insulators and electrode overlap.

Li-Ion Cell Element Cross Section



B = Burr

Figure 1

Compliance: Either 1) manufacturing control ensures that burrs do not exceed 50% of the lower tolerance limit of the thickness of the separator or 2) design prevention with documented engineering analysis (such as an FMEA) shows that burr lengths with greater limits cannot cause internal shorts.

4.25 Burr Control

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.3.6
- Purpose: To ensure that the tolerance on burr height is controlled to limit the potential for internal shorts. This is not applicable if design prevention is present.
- Procedure: Confirm design parameters to the reference. Using inspection data, confirm that the manufacturing process is in control. This is not applicable if design prevention is present.
- Compliance: Inspection data shows compliance to specified tolerances. For those cases where an out of control condition was noted, action was taken. This is not applicable if design prevention is present.

4.26 Prevention of Damage to Electrodes

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.3.7
- Purpose: To ensure that the manufacturing process has methods to detect damaged electrodes.
- Procedure: Check the vendor's manufacturing process for handling of electrodes. Verify the criteria for damaged electrodes (wrinkling, tearing or deformation). Verify that the system for removal of damaged electrodes is installed in manufacturing process and is effective.

Compliance: Availability of criteria for damaged electrodes (wrinkling, tearing or deformation). Damaged electrode detection system removes the damaged electrodes.

4.27 Characteristics of Manufacturing Equipment

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.3.8
- Purpose: Ensure that manufacturing processes not directly specified in the referenced standard have been properly characterized, optimized, controlled, and continuously improved.
- Procedure: Verify production flow and process control documentation. Verify that the equipment is selected based on engineering analysis and capability studies. Ensure product consistently meets or exceeds specs.
- Compliance: Equipment characterization/optimization documentation is available. In-process quality controls are implemented.

4.28 Defective Electrodes

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.3.9
- Purpose: To ensure that non-conforming electrodes are scrapped.
- Procedure: Confirm compliance parameters and implementation. When possible, inspect discarded material and verify proper disposal process. Verify that the non-conforming electrodes are actually scrapped.
- Compliance: Verify that all electrode material meets primary specification. Confirm that all nonconforming material is safely discarded and not reworked. "Scrapped" means "destroyed".

4.29 Preventive Maintenance Plan

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.3.10
- Purpose: To ensure that the vendor has implemented an effective Preventative Maintenance (PM) plan.
- Procedure: Review PM Process and schedule.
- Compliance: Verify the preventive maintenance schedule and its implementation. Verify that PM plan clearly identifies routine and critical maintenance activities. The PM intervals are established based on inputs from equipment vendors and in house data collection.

4.30 Tension and Damage

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.4.1.1

Purpose: To ensure that the electrode winding process has been properly characterized, optimized, and controlled.

- Procedure: Review documentation in order to establish proper winding and stacking process considerations.
- Compliance: Tension (winding processes only) and damage characterization/optimization documentation is available. Actual winding tension settings are per the conditions in the engineering report and product meets the specification.

4.31 Collection of Loose Material

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.4.1.2
- Purpose: To ensure that the vendor has an effective method for collection of loose material produced.
- Procedure: Verify that the report identifies possible sources of contamination by loose material and identifies processes which control loose material within acceptable limits. Cell vendor's process demonstrates effectiveness for collection of loose material.
- Compliance: Engineering report identifying possible sources of contamination by loose material is available. Controls are placed to collect the loose material produced in the process.

4.32 Detection of Damaged Cores

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.4.1.3
- Purpose: To ensure that the vendor has a method to detect non-conforming cell cores.
- Procedure: Verify detection method for the non-conforming cell cores.

Compliance: Non-conforming cell cores detection methods are in place.

4.33 Control of Electrode Spacing

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.4.2
- Purpose: To ensure that the cell core design and the associated core assembly processes have been properly characterized, optimized, and controlled to prevent damage to the cell core.
- Procedure: Verify engineering report for uniform compression, dimensional characteristics and winding spindle removal process. Verify that the actual core assembly settings are per the engineering report. Verify product compliance to parameters documented in the engineering report.
- Compliance: Materials are inspected and meet primary specification upon completion of core assembly. Confirm that process equipment does not damage and/or modify the cell core during process movement (input and output) of this operation.

4.34 Uniformity of Internal Electrode Pressure

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.4.3

Purpose:	To ensure that the cell core assembly processes have been properly characterized, optimized, and controlled to prevent damage to the cell core.
Procedure:	Verify documentation referring to tension, uniform compression and dimensional characteristics. Note the actual settings.
Compliance:	Documentation is available showing process parameters. Actual settings comply with the documentation.

4.35 Avoidance of Contaminants

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.4.4

- Purpose: To ensure that the winding process has controls to prevent contaminants from entering the cell.
- Procedure: Identify possible sources of contamination (flaking, dust, etc.) during the winding process via FMEA or equivalent. Evaluate the control plans or equivalent referred to in the FMEA. Review and validate that the winding process keeps contamination within the allowed limits as listed in the engineering report.
- Compliance: Vendor shall provide an FMEA or equivalent and control plan. Ensure that FMEA items are covered in the control plan. Review and validate that the winding process keeps contamination within the allowed limits as listed in the control plan.

4.36 Internal Short Avoidance

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.5.1
- Purpose: To ensure that the method of assembly for insulating material (whether for electrode, current collectors, or internal insulation) is designed to provide reliable protection against latent shorts for the product lifetime of the cell.
- Procedure: Lab to tear down 5 fresh samples and verify proper insulation placement. Lab to review insulating material specifications in regards to stability of the material's insulating property over time.
- Compliance: Validate that all likely material interfaces that may result in a latent internal short are insulated. Validate the method of assembly for insulating material properties is sufficient to provide protection from shorts over the projected lifetime of the cell.

4.37 Internal Short Avoidance

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.5.1
- Purpose: To ensure that the method of assembly for insulating material (whether for electrode, current collectors, or internal insulation) is designed to provide reliable protection against latent shorts for the product lifetime of the cell.
- Procedure: Verify documentation that includes design and method of assembly, and manufacturing inspection processes for insulating material to prevent internal short occurrence.

Compliance: Insulation placement and material shall comply with the documentation. Validate that inspection processes exist to ensure compliance.

4.38 Tab Positioning

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.5.2
- Purpose: To ensure that the process for positive and negative tab placement has been properly characterized, optimized, and controlled to prevent cell core assembly damage or tab/can short circuits.
- Procedure: Tear down 5 samples or conduct inspection by an appropriate vision system (example x-ray).
- Compliance: Verify the position of negative and positive tabs do not create cell core assembly damage or tab/can short circuits. Alternatively, verify an insulator gasket isolates the tabs from the cell core assembly and can walls.

4.39 Tab Positioning

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.5.2

- Purpose: To ensure that the process for positive and negative tab placement has been properly characterized, optimized, and controlled to prevent short circuit.
- Procedure: Verify the positive and negative tab design documentation. Verify assembly process documentation for proper tab alignment and positioning. Review factory x-ray measurement data from a minimum of 5 samples showing tab placement. Review calibration certificate and measurement systems analysis for x-ray equipment used to produce data to ensure sufficient repeatability. Review design analysis to confirm design demonstrates sufficient margin from short circuit concerns due to tab placement variation.
- Compliance: Tab placement meets product design specification. Ensure that vendor's vision system is calibrated and repeatable. Vendor to show design analysis demonstrating safety and prove that they are meeting Design Specification.

4.40 Integrity of Cell Core Assembly

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.5.3
- Purpose: To ensure that the integrity of the electrodes is verified through resistance or continuity check or equivalent means.
- Procedure: Confirm product specification to inspection parameters. Validate that an effective real time (Hi-Pot or equivalent) 100% testing process is in place.
- Compliance: Validate test procedures and test parameters. Verify test parameters via review of engineering documentation. 100% testing is required.

4.41 Positioning of Insulating Material

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.5.4

Purpose: To ensure an insulating method prevents shorting of cell core to the cell casing.

Procedure: Tear down 5 samples and inspect for insulating method.

Compliance: Verify insulating method and verify insulating material is readily visible.

4.42 Positioning of Insulating Plate

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.5.4 (NA - See 4.41)

- Purpose: To confirm the characteristics of the material, color, proper positioning and presence of insulating materials.
- Procedure: Inspect insulating plate placement process and associated controls documentation.
- Compliance: If the cell has insulating plates, the insulating plates are properly positioned and readily visible (refer to Figure 7 of IEEE 1725) and meets the insulating plate's specification for insulating characteristics. Additionally, the process control documentation confirms that the insulating material is checked with resistive measurement or other technological means or methods.

4.43 Electrode Alignment

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.5.5
- Purpose: The vendor shall use a vision system to inspect 100% of the cell cores.
- Procedure: Cell vendor to conduct 100% inspection using a vision system to ensure the overlap on top and bottom of the electrode assembly. Also, conduct 100% inspection to ensure no damage is caused by the case insertion process. Polymer cells shall be inspected via a vision system either prior to or following complete assembly.

Verify that the negative electrode overlaps the positive electrode by at least 0.1 mm unless the vendor shows supporting evidence (DOE, engineering studies, etc.) that justifies less than 0.1 mm overlap on each side is acceptable. Ensure that vendor's vision system is calibrated and repeatable.

Compliance: 100% inspection is done with vision system for overlap. Overlap is at least 0.1 mm on all sides or vendors supporting evidence justifies a lesser minimum overlap.

4.44 Cell Aging and Validation of Aging Process

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.5.6 and 5.5.7

- Purpose: To ensure that the cell aging, grading, and sorting processes have been properly characterized, optimized, controlled, and continuously improved to remove early term failures.
- Procedure: Review cell aging process and supporting records. Review cell aging process validation.

Compliance: Cell aging, grading, and/or sorting process has been developed and implemented. Process is in control. Performance variations for each production lot are identified. Cell aging process validation conducted per IEEE 1725 Section 5.5.7.

4.45 Cell Leakage

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.5.8
- Purpose: To ensure that a process has been implemented to remove cells that are leaking electrolyte.
- Procedure: Verify that the end product (Cell) is inspected and all leaking cells are removed.
- Compliance: The inspection process does not damage and/or modify the cell. All leaking cells are removed. All non-conforming material is safely discarded and not reworked. Process feedback is in place to modify and rectify process if out of control.

4.46 Care During Cell Assembly

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.5.9

- Purpose: To ensure that the welding and other operations have been properly characterized, optimized, controlled, and continuously improved to prevent damage to the cell.
- Procedure: Review cell welding process and inspection data during cell assembly operations.
- Compliance: Cell enclosure, cell case, and critical cell design elements are not damaged or altered during cell assembly and post assembly operations. Inspection processes are in place and are effective to maintain compliance. Process feedback is in place to modify and rectify the process if out of control.

4.47 Qualification of New Cell Designs

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.6.1
- Purpose: To ensure that the cell qualification processes have been properly characterized, optimized, controlled, and continuously improved. Additionally, to ensure that all cells are required to pass such tests before being given production status.
- Procedure: Review design procedure. Verify that the new cell model approval process follows that procedure. Validate that an effective real time or sample plan inspection process is established.
- Compliance: Design review procedure shall include performance, reliability and safety related testing. Verify that the testing is being performed and results meet the specification.

4.48 Qualification of Production Cells

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.6.2
- Purpose: To establish production cell qualification and periodic re-qualification requirements.

- Procedure: Verify specification availability which lists the qualification tests and intervals and review qualification test data. Cell vendor provides justification regarding the requalification interval and test regimen.
- Compliance: Verify that the cell vendor is conducting qualification tests at specified intervals and that work instruction is available.

4.49 Cell Transportation Regulations

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.6.4.

- Purpose: Ensure compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria.
- Procedure: Review test report confirming compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria.
- Compliance: Test report confirming compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria exists.

4.50 Cell Thermal Test

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.6.5
- Purpose: To ensure cells demonstrate thermal stability.
- Procedure: 5 fully charged cells (per cell manufacture's specifications) shall be suspended (no heat transfer allowed to non-integral cell components) in a gravity convection or circulating air oven at ambient temperature. The oven temperature shall be ramped at $5 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C per minute to $130 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C. After 1 hour at $130 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C, the test is ended.

Compliance: Cells shall not flame or explode when exposed to 130°C for 1h.

4.51 Cell Thermal Test

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.6.5
- Purpose: To ensure cells demonstrate thermal stability.
- Procedure: Test 5 cells per IEEE 1725, Section 5.6.5.
- Compliance: Test equipment, test procedure and test results compliant to IEEE 1725, Section 5.6.5.

4.52 Evaluation of Excess Lithium Plating and Short-Circuit Test on Cycled Cells

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.6.6, 5.6.6.1

Purpose: To ensure cells are cycled and inspected to look for latent defects due to excess lithium plating.

Procedure: 5 Cells shall be cycled 25 times at the maximum charge/discharge rate specified by the vendor at 25 ± 5 °C. Test shall be performed with fully charged cells.

Each test sample cell, in turn, is to be short-circuited by connecting the positive and negative terminals of the cell with a circuit load having a resistance load of 80 +/- 20 milliohms. The cell is to be discharged until a fire or explosion is obtained, or until it has reached a completely discharged state of less than 0.1 volts and the cell case temperature has returned to $\pm 10^{\circ}$ C of the elevated chamber ambient temperature (i.e. $55 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C).

Tests are to be conducted at 55 \pm 5°C. The cells are to reach equilibrium at 55 \pm 5°C as applicable, before the short circuit is applied.

Compliance: No fire, no explosion, and maximum temperature less than 150 °C.

4.53 External Shorting of Cell Terminals

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 5.6.7(N/A - See 4.52, IEEE reference deleted in 2011 edition)

4.54 External Short Circuit Test of Temperature Cycled Cells

- Reference: N/A
- Purpose: To validate the ability of temperature cycled cell to withstand an external short circuit.
- Procedure: Each 5 Cells, as below, shall be I cycled 25 times at the maximum charge/discharge rate specified by the cell manufacturer. Test shall start and end with the cells being fully charged.

Cell Samples	Chamber Temperature (± 2°C)
5	Minimum charge temperature specified by cell manufacturer
5	Maximum charge temperature specified by cell manufacturer

The cycled cells are rested at Ambient Temperature for a period of 24 hours before the commencement of the short circuit test.

Each test sample cell, in turn, is to be short-circuited by connecting the positive and negative terminals of the cell with a circuit load having a resistance load of 80 +/- 20 milliohms. The cell is to be discharged until a fire or explosion is obtained, or until it has reached a completely discharged state of less than 0.1 volts and the cell case temperature has returned to $\pm 10^{\circ}$ C of the elevated chamber ambient temperature (i.e. $55 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C).

Compliance: No fire, no explosion, and maximum temperature less than 150 °C.

Section 4 - CATL Sample Submission Requirements

Section	Name	Purpose	Samples for Test	Reusable?
4.1	Stability	To ensure that separator materials have the appropriate properties to meet expectations of performance and safety.	0	
4.2	Isolation Properties	To ensure that the separator/cell design shall maintain isolation under high temperature stress conditions for a reasonable period of time to maintain the safety of the cell.	5	Samples cannot be reused
4.3	Strength and Physical Integrity	To ensure that the design of separator thickness is made through engineering judgment such that the separator has the requisite strength to ensure cell safety and robustness to handling.	0	
4.4	Shrinkage Allowance, Ambient Temperature	To ensure that the separator is designed such that shrinkage characteristics of the material are taken into account to maintain anode and cathode separation.	5	Same samples are to be used for 4.9, 4.11, 4.12, 4.14, 4.36, 4.41,
4.5	Shrinkage Allowance, Elevated Temperature	To ensure that the separator is designed such that shrinkage characteristics of the material are taken into account to maintain anode and cathode separation.	5	Samples cannot be reused
4.6	Shrinkage Allowance	To ensure that the separator is designed such that shrinkage characteristics of the material are taken into account to maintain anode and cathode separation.	0	
4.7	Electrode Design Criteria	Electrode design constituents for both the anode and the cathode shall be designed to assure performance, safety, and durability in the designated application.	0	
4.8	Electrode Capacity Balance	To ensure that the charge capacity of the electrodes are properly balanced.	0	
4.9	Electrode Geometry	To ensure that the electrode alignment parameters are designed and controlled such that the safety of the cell is not compromised.	0	Use samples from 4.4
4.10	Electrode Geometry	To ensure that the electrode alignment parameters are designed and controlled such that the safety of the cell is not compromised.	0	
4.11	Electrode Tabs (connection to cell terminals)	To ensure proper design and control of electrode tab length and overhang such that safety of the cell is not compromised. (Refer to Figure 5 of IEEE1725).	0	Use samples from 4.4
4.12	Application of Insulation	Reduce the potential of short circuit by ensuring the proper insulation of the internal cell tab.	0	Use samples from 4.4
4.13	Application of Insulation	Reduce the potential of short circuit by ensuring the proper insulation of the internal cell tab.	0	
4.14	Application of Supplementary Insulation	To confirm compliance to the requirement for supplementary insulation where only a single separator layer exists adjacent to the internal tab.	0	Use samples from 4.4

4.15	Insulation	To verify that the insulator material will be stable	0	
4.15	Characteristics	in a temperature range of -40°C to 150°C.	0	
4.16	Cell Vent	To ensure cell designs include a consistent vent	5	Samples
4.10	Mechanism	mechanism.	5	cannot be
	Mechanism			reused
4.17	Retention of Cell	To confirm vent design performance.	0	
4.17	Contents and		Ŭ	
	Projectile Testing			
4.18	Overcurrent	To confirm that cells qualified with ancillary	0	
	Protection Device	protective measures are employed at the pack		
		level with such measures intact.		
4.19	Maximum	To confirm that the cell vendor has provided a	0	
	Recommended	maximum over-voltage limit.		
	Voltage			
4.20	Materials	To validate that impurity limits have been defined.	0	
	Specifications			
4.21	Cleanliness of	To ensure that proper environmental controls are	0	
	Manufacturing	in place and effective in the manufacturing and		
	Operations	staging area. Measures are in place to prevent		
		the introduction of metal contamination.		
4.22	Manufacturing	To ensure that an effective cell traceability plan	0	
	Traceability	has been implemented.		
4.23	Uniform Coating of	To ensure that the electrode coating process has	0	
	Active Materials	been properly characterized, optimized,		
		controlled, and continuously improved.		
4.24	Burr Control	To ensure that burrs are controlled.	0	
4.25	Burr Control	To ensure that the tolerance on burr height is	0	
4.00		controlled to limit the potential for internal shorts.	-	
4.26	Prevention of	To ensure that the manufacturing process has	0	
	Damage to	methods to detect damaged electrodes.		
4.27	Electrodes Characteristics of	Ensure that manufacturing processes not directly	0	
4.27	Manufacturing	Ensure that manufacturing processes not directly specified in the referenced standard have been	0	
	Equipment	properly characterized, optimized, controlled, and		
		continuously improved.		
4.28	Defective	To ensure that non-conforming electrodes are	0	
	Electrodes	scrapped.	Ŭ	
4.29	Preventive	To ensure that the vendor has implemented an	0	
	Maintenance Plan	effective Preventative Maintenance (PM) plan.		
4.30	Tension and	To ensure that the electrode winding process has	0	
	Damage	been properly characterized, optimized, and		
		controlled.		
4.31	Collection of Loose	To ensure that the vendor has an effective	0	
	Material	method for collection of loose material produced.		
4.32	Detection of	To ensure that the vendor has a method to detect	0	
	Damaged Cores	non-conforming cell cores.		
4.33	Control of	To ensure that the cell core design and the	0	
	Electrode Spacing	associated core assembly processes have been		
		properly characterized, optimized, and controlled		
1.0.1		to prevent damage to the cell core.	-	
4.34	Uniformity of	To ensure that the cell core assembly processes	0	
	Internal Electrode	have been properly characterized, optimized, and		
	Pressure	controlled to prevent damage to the cell core.		

4.05	A		•	
4.35	Avoidance of Contaminants	To ensure that the winding process has controls to prevent contaminants from entering the cell.	0	
4.36	Internal Short	To ensure that the method of assembly for	0	Use
4.00	Avoidance	insulating material (whether for electrode, current	Ŭ	samples
		collectors, or internal insulation) is designed to		from 4.4
		provide reliable protection against latent shorts for		
		the product lifetime of the cell.		
4.37	Internal Short	To ensure that the method of assembly for	0	
	Avoidance	insulating material (whether for electrode, current		
		collectors, or internal insulation) is designed to		
		provide reliable protection against latent shorts for		
		the product lifetime of the cell.		
4.38	Tab Positioning	To ensure that the process for positive and	0	
		negative tab placement has been properly		
		characterized, optimized, and controlled to		
		prevent short circuit.		
4.39	Tab Positioning	To ensure that the process for positive and	0	
		negative tab placement has been properly		
		characterized, optimized, and controlled to		
4.40	Integrity of Oall	prevent short circuit.	0	
4.40	Integrity of Cell	To ensure that the integrity of the electrodes is	0	
	Core Assembly	verified through resistance or continuity check or equivalent means.		
4.41	Positioning of	To confirm the characteristics of the material,	0	Use
4.41	Insulating Material	color, proper positioning and presence of	0	samples
		insulating materials.		from 4.4
4.42	Positioning of	To confirm the characteristics of the material,	0	110111 4.4
1. 12	Insulating Plate	color, proper positioning and presence of	Ŭ	
	J	insulating materials.		
4.43	Electrode	The proper alignment of positive and negative	0	
	Alignment	electrodes is critical to prevent hazards. The		
		vendor shall conduct 100% inspection (post-		
		winding or stacking of electrodes) and should use		
		a vision system to inspect 100% of the electrode		
		assemblies.		
4.44	Cell Aging and	To ensure that the cell aging, grading, and sorting	0	
	Validation of Aging	processes have been properly characterized,		
	Process	optimized, controlled, and continuously improved		
4 45		to remove early term failures.	0	
4.45	Cell Leakage	To ensure that a process has been implemented	0	
4.46	Care During Cell	to remove cells that are leaking electrolyte. To ensure that the welding and other operations	0	
4.40	Assembly	have been properly characterized, optimized,	0	
	Aboundry	controlled, and continuously improved to prevent		
		damage to the cell.		
4.47	Qualification of	To ensure that the cell qualification processes	0	
	New Cell Designs	have been properly characterized optimized,	Ŭ	
		controlled, and continuously improved.		
		Additionally, to ensure that all cells are required to		
		pass such tests before being given production		
		status.		
4.48	Qualification of	To establish production cell qualification and	0	
	Production Cells	periodic re-qualification requirements.		

4.49	Cell Transportation Regulations	To ensure the cell model meets transportation regulatory testing requirements including those listed in appropriate sections of UN Manual of Tests and Criteria.	0	UN Test
4.50	Cell Thermal Test	To ensure cells demonstrate thermal stability.	5	Samples cannot be reused
4.51	Cell Thermal Test	To ensure cells demonstrate thermal stability.	0	
4.52	Evaluation of Excess Lithium Plating and Short- Circuit Test on Cycled Cells	To ensure cells are cycled and inspected to look for latent defects due to excess lithium plating.	5	Samples cannot be reused
4.53	External Shorting of Cell Terminals	To ensure that cells pass an elevated temperature short circuit test.	0	
4.54	External Shorting of temperature cycled cells	To validate the ability of temperature cycled cell to withstand an external short circuit.	10	Samples cannot be reused

Section 5 Battery Pack Validation

All tests will be performed on a minimum of 5 samples unless otherwise specified.

Audit criteria shall be done on a sample of one.

5.1 Traceability

Reference:	IEEE 1725, Section 6.2.1
Purpose:	Ensure that the vendor has a traceability plan that includes traceability of the cell.
Procedure:	Review vendor documentation of traceability plan.
Compliance:	Traceability plan shall enable vendor to identify cell lot code / date code without disassembly of the pack.

5.2 Part Number

Reference:	IEEE 1725,	Section 6.2.2.1
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Purpose: Ensure part number is identified on battery pack.

Procedure: Visually inspect battery pack.

Compliance: Part number is identified and correct.

5.3 Voltage

Reference:	IEEE 1725, Section 6.2.2.2	
Purpose:	Ensure typical voltage of pack is identified on battery pack.	
Procedure:	Visually inspect battery pack.	
Compliance:	Typical voltage is identified and correct on battery pack. Embedded batteries are exempt from this requirement.	
Chomistry		

5.4 Chemistry

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.2.2.3
- Purpose: Ensure chemistry of battery pack.
- Procedure: Visually inspect battery pack.
- Compliance: Chemistry type is identified and correct on battery pack. Embedded batteries are exempt from this requirement.

5.5 Pack Vendor Identification

IEEE 1725, Section 6.2.2.4
Ensure Host or Pack Vendor identified properly.
Visually inspect battery pack.
Host or Pack Vendor is identified and correct on battery pack.

5.6 Circuit Layout

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.3.2

- Purpose: Ensure adequate runner spacing, soldering pad area size, and distance between solder pads as well as separation between traces.
- Procedure: Review electronic PCB layout file, populated PCBs, and manufacturing process capabilities documentation.
- Compliance: Based on design analysis completed per Section 4 of IEEE 1725 spacing shall ensure safe operation through predictable life of product. Spacing at a minimum shall be greater than or equal to minimum spacing capabilities of the manufacturing processes.

5.7 Cell Polarity

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.3.3
- Purpose: Ensure battery pack has individual cells oriented properly.
- Procedure: Review schematic, mechanical drawing and one open (unwelded) sample.
- Compliance: Cells are oriented with proper polarity (Positive on cell to positive on PCB and Negative on cell to Negative on PCB).

5.8 Ambient Thermal Consideration

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.3.4

- Purpose: Confirm that thermal specifications of battery pack components are not exceeded when the host-pack combination is operated at the maximum-rated charge and the maximum rated discharge current, with the host-pack combination ambient temperature elevated to the maximum temperature specification of the host (such as maximum RF transmit power, gaming applications, video capture or playback, etc.).
- Procedure: Review component data sheets (including the cell) and compare to test results. A sample of one is required for both the inspection/analysis and test portions of this criterion.

Instrument the critical components within the pack to monitor temperature. Operate the host-pack combination at the maximum rated charge and discharge conditions and ensure heat rise does not exceed the maximum specified ratings of each

component when operated at maximum operating temperature specified by host vendors (system operating temperature range for host).

Some systems may require more or less components to be monitored.

Place the host-pack combination in a thermal chamber at the maximum specified host operating temperature for charging. Operate the host-pack combination at the maximum rated charge condition, allow the test to run until there is no more change in monitored temperatures (This simulates operating conditions in a host that are expected to produce maximum temperatures in the battery pack).

Place the host-pack combination in a thermal chamber at the maximum specified host discharge operating temperature. Operate the host-pack combination at the maximum rated discharge condition, allow the test to run until there is no more change in monitored temperatures (This simulates operating conditions in a host that are expected to produce maximum temperatures in the battery pack).

Compliance: Components are rated properly and no component temperature specification is exceeded.

5.9 Component Specifications

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.3.5

- Purpose: Ensure battery pack components meet minimum and maximum temperature requirements with adequate margin and protection circuit components are rated for operating range of -25°C to +85°C.
- Procedure: Review component data sheets.
- Compliance: Protection circuit components are rated for a minimum operating range of -25°C to +85°C and other components meet minimum and maximum storage temperature requirements of the pack.

5.10 Thermal Consideration

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.3.6

- Purpose: Ensure that the proper operating (charging and discharging) temperature ranges for the battery pack have been set.
- Procedure: Review cell, battery pack, and host vendor specifications.
- Compliance: Proper temperature ranges for operation have been specified based on the cell vendor recommendations (example: do not charge/discharge outside of cell vendor's recommendations).

5.11 Limit Output Current

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.4.1

Purpose: Validate performance of battery pack short circuit protection.

- Procedure: Before the test, the battery pack shall be fully charged according to Table A.2—Brief description of battery pack electrical tests of IEEE1725, or according to the vendor's specifications. Perform short circuit tests with a resistance of 80 +/- 20 milliohms at minimum and maximum operating temperatures for 1 hour.
- Compliance: The battery pack has short circuit protection and limits the discharge current. All safety features shall remain operational, or the pack shall be permanently disabled. No fire, smoke, or explosions occurs.

5.12 Pack Mechanisms

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.4.2
- Purpose: Ensure pack has at least one method to limit current from cells independent of the cell separator shutdown mechanism.
- Procedure: Review product documentation.
- Compliance: A method is present to limit current from cells independent of the cell separator shutdown mechanism. Method to limit output current may include active or passive protective circuits.

5.13 Thermal Protection

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.5.1
- Purpose: Ensure over-temperature protection has been incorporated that will prevent operation outside current, temperature, and time limits as agreed to by battery pack, cell, and host vendor.
- Procedure: Review product documentation.
- Compliance: Over-temperature protection has been incorporated that is in agreement with the specifications of the cell, pack, and host vendors. Operating modes where the cell discharge rate is less than C/10 are exempted, as they do not induce a thermal stress on the cell.

5.14 Thermal Sensor Design

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.5.2

- Purpose: Validate that a thermal sensor either in the battery pack and/or host monitors cell temperature and enables the system to limit operation within the cell's thermal specifications.
- Procedure: Place the device(s) that contain(s) the thermal sensor in an environmental chamber and monitor the output of the thermal sensor over the operating temperature range of the cell. Do not charge or discharge the pack during this test.
- Compliance: Verify the output of the thermal sensor meets its specification over the operating temperature range of the cell.

5.15 Action, Thermal Protection

Reference:	IEEE 1725, Section 6.5.3 and 7.3.7
Purpose:	Validate performance of temperature protection during charging.
Procedure:	Charge in a host at a temperature exceeding the charge temperature specified. A sample size of one is required.
Compliance:	Charging is disabled or other protective action is taken when the operating limits of the cell are exceeded.

5.16 Charging Specifications

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.6.1
- Purpose: Ensure maximum charging voltage and current have been set based on the component specifications provided by the cell, battery pack, and host device vendors.
- Procedure: Review cell, battery pack, and host component specifications.
- Compliance: Maximum charging voltage and current have been set to comply with the specifications provided. Agreement is shown by specification analyses that consider cell/pack and host parameters.

5.17 Charge Considerations

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.6.2
- Purpose: Verify system has one overcurrent protection function that meets maximum current specified in IEEE 1725 section 6.6.1.
- Procedure: Review system documentation and identify how current limiting protection has been implemented. Also review the system analysis to identify if redundant protection is required.
- Compliance: Overcurrent protection has been implemented properly. Charge current limiting that is resident in the charge control IC does meet this requirement provided it limits the current to the maximum current specified in IEEE 1725 Section 6.6.1.

5.18 Charger Design

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.6.3
- Purpose: Validate design of charging system voltage and current control is within maximum specified values.
- Procedure: Review design documentation that demonstrates the charging system voltage and current are maintained within specification over tolerances.

Compliance: The charging system voltage and current do not exceed the component specifications provided by the cell, battery pack, and host device vendor.

5.19 Protection

5.20

IEEE 1725, Section 6.6.5
Identify that the combination of the cell and pack has at least one overvoltage protection function.
Review cell and pack documentation and identify all overvoltage protection functions.
A minimum of one overvoltage protection function is present at the cell or pack level.

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.6.5
- Purpose: Validate performance of the pack/cell overvoltage protection mechanism under a single fault condition in the charger/host and to ensure that two overcharge mechanisms are present in the system.
- Procedure: Review the pack to worst-case single faulted charger/host system voltage. Worstcase faulted system voltage shall be defined with design analysis tools identified in IEEE 1725 chapter 4.
- Compliance: Each system component's maximum rated voltage is greater than the worst-case single fault charger/host system voltage. There must be two overcharge protection mechanisms in the system. One of the overcharge protection mechanisms must be in the pack or cell. Chemistry may be accepted as a form of overvoltage protection mechanism upon providing supporting evidence that the system is two faults tolerant and the protection mechanism does not create a hazard.

5.21 Specification

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.8.1
- Purpose: Ensure proper upper limit discharge current and time limitations have been set.
- Procedure: Review cell, battery pack, and host vendor documentation.
- Compliance: Proper upper limit discharge current and time limitations have been set and are in agreement with the specifications provided by the cell, battery pack, and host vendor.

5.22 Pack Overcurrent Protection Requirement

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.8.2

Purpose: Validate performance of pack discharge overcurrent protection.

- Procedure: Subject the pack to a load in excess of discharge overcurrent protection identified in IEEE 1725 6.8.1 at the minimum operating temperature, ambient temperature, and maximum operating temperature.
- Compliance: Operation of pack/cell overcurrent protection is within specified time and current over the temperatures tested.

5.23 External Mechanical Force

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.9.9, UL 2054

Purpose: Validate mechanical robustness for purpose of use.

Procedure: If the battery pack is non-embedded, perform the Steady Force test per UL 2054 on 3 samples of the battery pack. If the pack is embedded, the test may optionally be performed on the host device with the battery pack installed.

Compliance: Per UL 2054.

5.24 Cell Dimensional Allowance

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.9.2

- Purpose: Ensure proper consideration for the cell and battery pack dimensional tolerances.
- Procedure: Review mechanical drawing and tolerance analysis.
- Compliance: Tolerances of cell, battery pack, and host do not overlap and create mechanical constraints that affect form, fit, or function over lifetime of product.

5.25 Electrical Cell Connections

Reference:	IEEE 1725, Section 6.9.4
Purpose:	Ensure that the connections directly to cells are not soldered.
Procedure:	Review product documentation and one partially assembled or disassembled representative sample.
Compliance:	Connections directly to cells are not soldered.

5.26 Cell Vent

Reference:	IEEE 1725,	Section 6.9.7
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- Purpose: Ensure that the battery pack construction does not prevent cell gases from escaping.
- Procedure: Review battery pack design, component placement, and construction.
- Compliance: Battery pack design does not physically obstruct the cell vents such that it prevents the cell vent mechanism from operating as designed.

5.28

5.29

5.27 Host Requirement

Reference:	IEEE 1725, Section 6.10.2
Purpose:	Ensure that the connector / terminal adhere to the host device mechanical considerations.
Procedure:	Review connector documentation and sample.
Compliance:	Connector adheres to host mechanical considerations.
ESD	
Reference:	IEEE 1725, Section 6.10.3.1
Purpose:	Validate the ability of the pack to withstand ESD.
Procedure:	Subject pack to ESD in accordance with IEC 61000-4-2 per product level 2 at a minimum.
Compliance:	Performance of pack protection circuitry per Section 5.11 of this document after the ESD test. If the pack includes an over voltage protection mechanism that could be susceptible to ESD damage, it shall be verified as functional after the ESD test. All compliance testing shall be done at ambient temperature only.
Welding	
Reference:	IEEE 1725, Section 6.10.3.2

- Purpose: Ensure welding is only occurring in areas designated by cell vendor.
- Procedure: Review battery pack documentation and one partially assembled or disassembled representative sample.

Compliance: Welding is only applied in areas designated by cell vendor.

5.30 Cell Shorts

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.11.1
- Purpose: Ensure assembly process avoids cell and battery pack short-circuit.
- Procedure: Review battery pack assembly process documentation and identify any areas of risk for cell or battery pack short-circuit. Review process documentation to insure proper placement and insulation of electrical connections and material handling. Review manufacturing line to ensure process documentation is being enforced.
- Compliance: Process documentation exists showing cell and battery pack short-circuit risks are mitigated. Production facilities are operating per specified process documentation.

5.31 Foreign Objects

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.11.2

- Purpose: Ensure assembly process prevents foreign objects from contacting cell or protection circuit.
- Procedure: Review battery pack assembly process documentation and identify any areas of risk for cell or battery pack short-circuit from foreign objects. Review manufacturing line to ensure process documentation is being enforced.
- Compliance: Process documentation exists showing cell and battery pack short-circuit risks from foreign objects are mitigated. Production facilities are operating per specified process documentation.

5.32 Soldering Process

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.11.3

- Purpose: Ensure adequate means have been provided to prevent solder balls, flashes, bridges and other solder defects from being introduced during the soldering process.
- Procedure: Review soldering process documentation and manufacturing lines.
- Compliance: If soldering process is done in house, soldering process has been characterized to minimize defects. If soldering process is not resident, e.g. soldered components are a purchased sub-assembly, evidence is available confirming that the subcontractor's soldering process has been characterized to minimize defects. Adequate visual inspection and/or testing process is in place to ensure that soldering, cutting, spot welding, and any other manufacturing steps do not allow for debris becoming airborne and entering into any of the sub-assemblies.

Soldering process has been characterized to minimize defects.

5.33 Reworked Cells

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.11.4
Purpose: Ensure cells salvaged from batteries that are recovered / returned from end users are not used to manufacture battery packs. Review SOP for returned Materials or products.
Procedure: Review battery pack documentation to ensure proper processes have been put in place to prevent salvaged cells from being manufactured into battery packs.
Compliance: Battery packs are not being manufactured from cells recovered/ returned from end

5.34 Circuit Care

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.11.5

users.

- Purpose: Ensure precautions have been taken to avoid damage to protection devices and circuits. Review process documentation for handling and assembly of safety and/or critical components and devices.
 Procedure: Review handling and assembly process documentation to ensure precautions have been taken to avoid damage to protection devices and circuits.
- Compliance: Handling and assembly processes exist for protection devices and circuits, and address areas of risk. Production facilities are in compliance per specified process documentation.

5.35 Pack Component Care

Reference:	IEEE 1725, Section 6.12
Purpose:	Ensure precautions have been taken to avoid damage to conductors and insulators, for example, from sharp edges, burrs, pinching, or kinking.
Procedure:	Review handling and assembly process documentation to ensure precautions have been taken to avoid damage to conductors and insulators.
Compliance:	Handling and assembly processes exist for conductors and insulators, and address areas of risk. Production facilities are in compliance per specified process documentation.

5.36 Welding Care

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.12.1
- Purpose: Ensure precautions have been taken to avoid damage to cells, protective circuit module, and battery pack housing during housing assembly (ultrasonic welding, over molding, etc.).
- Procedure: Review process documentation for pack assembly. Identify areas of risk of damaging cells, protective circuit module, and battery pack housing during housing assembly. Production facilities are in compliance per specified process documentation.
- Compliance: Housing assembly processes exist such that safety critical components shall not be damaged.

5.37 ESD

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.12.2
- Purpose: Ensure precautions have been taken to avoid damage to protection circuits and other devices from ESD during handling.
- Procedure: Review process documentation for ESD protection throughout the assembly process. Identify areas of risk to protection circuits and other devices from ESD during handling and storage.
- Compliance: All ESD sensitive components and parts shall be stored and handled in an ESD safe environment. Containers used for transport of such parts shall be ESD safe

container. The need for appropriate ESD precautions for operators and equipment shall be documented in work instructions. Evidence shall exist that the elements of ESD protection have been implemented.

5.38 Pack Testing During Production

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.12.3
- Purpose: Ensure that all electronic protection circuit operations shall be directly or indirectly verified at the pack (or pack sub assembly) level and 100% of shipped battery packs are tested / verified.
- Procedure: Review battery pack design documentation to identify all electronic protection circuit operations. Review battery pack manufacturing documentation to identify all electronic protection circuit tests and corresponding pack (or pack sub assembly) level tests that are performed during manufacturing. Also note the frequency that testing is conducted, e.g. is testing done on all production units (100%).
- Compliance: 100% testing of the electronic protection circuit(s) is performed during the manufacturing process.

5.39 Quality Control

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.12.4
- Purpose: Ensure that critical manufacturing processes have quality control and maintenance plans to ensure the consistency of the assembly process and adherence to specifications.
- Procedure: Review manufacturing process documentation to identify all critical processes and corresponding quality and maintenance plans.
- Compliance: Critical manufacturing processes have quality control and maintenance plans.

5.40 Cell Care

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.12.5
- Purpose: Ensure that no damage has occurred during welding and other operations to the cell case or other critical cell design elements.
- Procedure: Review battery pack assembly documentation and production facilities to identify any areas of risk to cell case or other critical cell design elements during welding and other operations.
- Compliance: The assembly process does not cause damage to the cell case or other critical cell design elements during welding and other operations.

5.41 Specification

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.13.1

- Purpose: Ensure voltage, capacity, size, impedance, and other critical specifications have been considered per application for use of cells connected in parallel.
- Procedure: Review cell, battery pack, and host specifications.
- Compliance: Cell has proper parameters for application when connected in parallel to another cell to form a battery pack based on specifications agreement among the cell, battery pack, and host device vendor specifications demonstrating the suitability of the cell selection and configuration.

5.42 Cell Chemistry

Reference:	IEEE 1725, Section 6.13.4
Purpose:	Ensure no cells from significantly different electrochemical systems are used to manufacture battery packs.
Procedure:	Review battery pack and cell specifications.
Compliance:	Cells from significantly different electrochemical systems are NOT used to manufacture battery packs.

5.43 Fault Considerations

- Purpose: Ensure that adequate precautions have been taken to limit the charge rate to the maximum rating of any single cell. FMEA analysis should consider such faults.
- Procedure: Review cell and charging system specifications.
- Compliance: The vendor shall take adequate precautions to ensure that the charge rate does not exceed the maximum of any single cell in the event that a single fault causes the other cell(s) should become electrically disconnected. This does not apply to single cell packs.

5.44 Qualification of New Pack Designs

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.14.1

- Purpose: Ensure that new pack designs have passed specified tests identified by the vendor before qualification as a production pack.
- Procedure: Review battery pack documentation that defines qualification testing requirements and test results for the design being evaluated.

Compliance: Proper qualification tests were performed and passed.

5.45 Qualification of Production Packs

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.14.2

- Purpose: To establish that qualification requirements continue to be met after product has been released for production.
- Procedure: Review procedures that define post-production qualification requirements. These requirements may be termed continuous accelerated life testing (C-ALT), ongoing reliability testing (ORT), among other names. Review post-production qualification data with particular attention to required test regime, test frequency, and resultant tolerance requirements.
- Compliance: The pack vendor is conducting qualification tests at specified intervals per their internally defined procedures.

5.46 Battery Transportation Regulations

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 4.2 Table 2
- Purpose: Ensure compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria.
- Procedure: Review test report confirming compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria.
- Compliance: Test report confirming compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria exists.

5.47 Pack Overvoltage Protection, Verification, and Testing

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.14.3
- Purpose: To determine if hazards occur when cells are charged to the maximum limit of the battery's overcharge protection function as defined in Clause 6.6.5 in the event that charge control per Clause 6.6 is not functioning.
- Procedure: Shall be performed per IEEE 1725, Section 6.14.3.1, with the following clarifications,

IEEE 1725, Section 6.14.3.1.4, the charge controller is defined in IEEE 1725 figure 1.

Parallel Multi-cell packs will be tested with all the cells in parallel.

Alternative method to insulate the cells (with minimum thermal resistance with R value of 5) can be used to perform this test.

Compliance: Complies with IEEE 1725, Section 6.14.3.1.7.

5.48 Pack Drop Test

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 6.14.4

- Purpose: Validate the ability of the pack to withstand a drop.
- Procedure: One of the following tests is conducted based on the end use application defined by the pack vendor. If the pack can be used in both applications, the worst case test condition shall be used.

HEAD LEVEL:

Where the normal use of the device is at the head level, 5 packs shall be fully charged according to the vendor's specifications. Packs are rested a maximum of 1 hour. The open circuit voltage is then recorded. Each pack shall then be drop tested from a height of 1.5 meters (5 feet) onto a smooth concrete surface 18 times (three repetitions of six sides). Record the open circuit voltage of the packs within 5 minutes after the 18 drops. Testing shall continue up to 36 times (a total of six repetitions of six sides). Allow packs to rest for at least one hour after the final 18 drops. Record the open circuit voltage of the packs within 1 hour after the final 18 drops.

For non-user replaceable packs (embedded batteries), this test shall be conducted on batteries installed in the host device.

ALL OTHER CASES:

For all other devices, 5 fully charged packs shall be subjected to the drop test in accordance to UL 2054.

Compliance: Based on the test conducted, one of the following applies.

After 18 drops, no temporary internal shorts causing a total voltage of the cells or pack decrease of more than 0.010V open circuit voltage, no heating, no smoke, no fire and / or leakage. After 36 drops, no permanent internal shorts causing a voltage decrease to 75% or less of the initial open circuit voltage.

The compliance requirement in UL 2054 shall be satisfied.

CRD Sec	Name	Purpose	# Samples	Reusable?
4.18	Overcurrent Protection Device	To confirm that cells qualified with ancillary protective measures are employed at the pack level with such measures intact.	1	
5.1	Traceability	Ensure that the vendor has a traceability plan that includes traceability of the cell.	0	
5.2	Part Number	Ensure part number is identified on battery pack	5	
5.3	Voltage	Ensure typical voltage of pack is identified on battery pack.	0	Use samples from 5.2
5.4	Chemistry	Ensure chemistry of battery pack	0	Use samples from 5.2
5.5	Pack Vendor Identification	Ensure Host or Pack Vendor identified properly.	0	Use samples from 5.2
5.6	Circuit Layout	Ensure adequate runner spacing, soldering pad area size, and distance between solder pads as well as separation between traces.	0	

Section 5 - CATL Sample Submission Requirements

5.7	Cell Polarity	Ensure battery pack has individual cells oriented properly	0	
5.8	Ambient Thermal Consideration	Confirm that the pack and system operate within their specified temperature ranges and that the total system interaction does not exceed the temperature ratings of any components at worst case conditions specified by host vendor.	0	
5.9	Component Specifications	Ensure battery pack components meet minimum and maximum temperature requirements with adequate margin and protection circuit components are rated for operating range of -25°C to +85°C.	0	
5.10	Thermal Consideration	Ensure proper operating (charging and discharging) ranges for battery pack have been set.	0	
5.11	Limit Output	Validate performance of battery pack short circuit protection.	0	Use samples from 5.2
5.12	Pack Mechanisms	Ensure pack has at least one method to limit current from cells independent of the cell separator shutdown mechanism.	0	
5.13	Thermal Protection	Ensure over-temperature protection has been incorporated that will prevent operation outside current, temperature, and time limits as agreed to by battery pack, cell and host vendor.	0	
5.14	Thermal Sensor Design	Validate that a thermal sensor either in the battery pack and/or host monitors cell temperature and enables the system to limit operation within the cell's thermal specifications	5	N
5.15	Action, Thermal Protection	Validate performance of temperature protection during charging.	0	
5.16	Charging Specifications	Ensure maximum charging voltage and current have been set based on the component specifications provided by the cell, battery pack and host device vendors.	0	
5.17	Charge Considerations	Verify system has one overcurrent protection function that meets maximum current specified in IEEE 1725 section 6.5.1.	0	
5.18	Charger Design	Validate design of charging system voltage and current control is within maximum specified values.	0	
5.19	Protection	Identify that the combination of the cell and pack has at least one overvoltage protection function.	0	
5.20	Protection	Validate performance of the pack/cell overvoltage protection mechanism under a single fault condition in the charger/host and to ensure that two overcharge mechanisms are present in the system.	0	
5.21	Specification	Ensure proper upper limit discharge current and time limitations have been set.	0	
5.22	Pack Overcurrent Protection Requirement	Validate performance of pack discharge overcurrent protection.	5	N
5.23	External Mechanical Force	Validate mechanical robustness for purpose of use.	3	N
5.24	Cell Dimensional Allowance	Ensure proper consideration for the cell and battery pack dimensional tolerances.	0	

5.25	Electrical Cell Connections	Ensure that the connections directly to cells are not soldered.	0	
5.26	Cell Vent	Ensure that the battery pack construction does not prevent cell gases from escaping.	0	
5.27	Host Requirement	Ensure connector / terminal adhere to the host device mechanical considerations.	0	
5.28	ESD	Validate the ability of the pack to withstand ESD.	5	N
5.29	Welding	Ensure welding is only occurring in areas designated by cell vendor.	0	
5.30	Cell Shorts	Ensure assembly process avoids cell and battery pack short-circuit.	0	
5.31	Foreign Objects	Ensure assembly process prevents foreign objects from contacting cell or protection circuit.	0	
5.32	Soldering Process	Ensure adequate means have been provided to prevent solder balls, flashes, bridges, and other solder defects from being introduced during the soldering process.	0	
5.33	Reworked Cells	Ensure cells salvaged from batteries that are recovered / returned from end users are not used to manufacture battery packs. Review SOP for returned Materials or products.	0	
5.34	Circuit Care	Ensure precautions have been taken to avoid damage to protection devices and circuits. Review SOP for handling of safety and/or critical components and devices.	0	
5.35	Pack Component Care	Ensure precautions have been taken to avoid damage to conductors and insulators, for example, from sharp edges, burrs, pinching, or kinking.	0	
5.36	Welding Care	Ensure precautions have been taken to avoid damage to cells, protective circuit module, and battery pack housing during housing assembly (ultrasonic welding, over molding, etc.).	0	
5.37	ESD	Ensure precautions have been taken to avoid damage to protection circuits and other devices from ESD during handling.	0	
5.38	Pack Testing During Production	Ensure that all protection circuit operations shall be directly or indirectly verified at the pack level (or pack sub assembly) and 100% of shipped battery packs are tested / verified.	0	
5.39	Quality Control	Ensure that critical manufacturing processes have quality control and maintenance plans to ensure the consistency of the assembly process and adherence to specifications.	0	
5.40	Cell Care	Ensure that no damage has occurred during welding and other operations to the cell case or other critical cell design elements.	0	
5.41	Specification	Ensure voltage, capacity, size, impedance, and other critical specifications have been considered per application for use of cells connected in parallel.	0	
5.42	Cell Chemistry	Ensure no cells from significantly different electrochemical systems are used to manufacture battery packs.	0	
5.43	Fault	Ensure that adequate precautions have been taken to	0	

		Total Packs Required	29	
5.48	Pack Drop Test	Validate the ability of pack to withstand a drop.	5	N
5.47	Pack Overvoltage Protection, Verification and Testing	To determine if hazards occur when cells are charged to the maximum limit of the battery's overcharge protection function as defined in Clause 6.6.5 in the event that charge control per Clause 6.6 is not functioning.	0	
5.46	Battery Transportation Regulations	Ensure that vendor complies with transportation regulatory testing requirements including the appropriate sections of UN Manual of Tests and Criteria.	0	
5.45	Qualification of Production Packs	To establish that qualification requirements continue to be met after product has been released for production.	0	
5.44	Qualification of New Pack Designs	Ensure new pack designs have passed specified tests identified by the vendor before qualification as a production pack.	0	
	Considerations	limit charge rate to the maximum rating of any single cell. FMEA analysis should consider such faults.		

Section 6 Host Device Validation

All tests will be performed on a minimum of 5 samples unless otherwise specified (all samples must pass compliance).

Inspection/Analysis criteria shall be done on a sample of one.

6.1 Input

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.2.1
- Purpose: Ensure specific surge and transient limits are included in the system design specifications.
- Procedure: Review system design specifications.
- Compliance: For systems with recognized adapters, ensure specific surge and transient limits are included in specification.

For systems without adapters, ensure that the system design specifies the use of a CTIA certified Adapter and/or a USB port in a device that complies with the USB-IF certification requirements.

6.2 Input

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.2.1
- Purpose: Validate the ability of the system to filter damaging conducted transient voltages to prevent damage to either the host device's charge control circuitry or the battery pack's safety circuitry.
- Procedure: For adaptors with AC mains ports apply transients of 1.2/50(8/20)µs waveform in accordance with IEC 61000-4-5. Ten transients (five positive and five negative) at levels of 1kV line to neutral, 2kV line to ground and 2kV neutral to ground, shall be applied at each zero crossing and peak (0, 90, 180 and 270 degrees phase angle) of the applied ac voltage. Transients shall be applied at a rate of one per minute or less. If testing done at rates faster than one per minute cause failures and tests done at one per minute do not, the test done at one per minute prevails.

For adaptors connected to a vehicle wiring harness, apply pulses 1, 2a, 2b, 3a and 3b in accordance with ISO 7637-2:2011, at test level III, for at least the minimum number of pulses or test time and for the minimum burst duration or at the minimum pulse repetition time.

The equipment shall be on during the test and the battery pack shall be in the fully discharged state at the beginning of the test. If the adaptor has no ground connection only line to neutral transients need to be applied.

When a DC-DC adapter is connected to an AC adapter then the combined unit needs to be tested as an AC adapter.

For systems without specified adapters (which must have a USB port) shall be tested with certified adapter, three representative adapters shall be tested with the host. The adapters shall be selected by the host manufacturer from available CTIA certified AC and DC adapters. At least one of each type (AC-DC and DC-DC) adapters shall be used for testing.

Compliance: For systems without specified adapters (which must have a USB port) shall be tested with a certified adapters, the battery pack safety circuitry functionality (overcharge, overcurrent, undervoltage) remains after surge regime application, and one full charge/discharge cycle is successfully completed per section 6.11. Compliance can alternatively be met if the host fails in a demonstrated safe mode. A host "failing safe" for this requirement is defined as the host can neither charge nor discharge a battery. An example might be a fusible link clearing thus fully disabling the charge circuitry.

For hosts without adapters, hosts shall meet the above compliance criteria when tested with representative CTIA certified adapters.

6.3 Overvoltage

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.1, 7.2.2

- Purpose: Ensure host device is designed to indefinitely withstand the maximum voltage from the adapter, under a single fault condition, to prevent a cascading failure through the system to the battery pack and/or cell.
- Procedure: Initiate a charging condition via a way that allows host to charge. Once charging is verified introduce the worst-case faulted overvoltage condition identified in the charging system analysis described in the design analysis tools identified in IEEE 1725 section paragraph 4.1. One sample is required for this test.
- Compliance: For systems with recognized adapters, no cascading failure through the system to the battery pack and/or cell after 24 hours. At a minimum a complete charge cycle shall be performed under normal operating conditions to validate performance system specification after application of overvoltage.

For systems without adapters, no cascading failure through the system to the battery pack and/or cell after charging at 9 V for 24 hours. At a minimum a complete charge cycle shall be performed under normal operating conditions to validate performance system specification after application of overvoltage.

6.4 Overcurrent

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.2.3

- Purpose: Ensure that the host limits current in such a way that the battery is not charged with a current greater than the maximum charge current specified by the battery vendor.
- Procedure: Charge in a system with a battery (or emulated battery) and monitor current through the entire charge cycle. One sample is required for this test.
- Compliance: After an initial settling period, the maximum charge current specified by the battery vendor is not exceeded. Such transient effects are limited to charge initiation

including the pre-charge condition. Repetitive undesirable transients may constitute non-compliance.

6.5 Overcurrent, Faulted

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.2.3

- Purpose: Ensure that the host limits current in such a way that the battery is not charged with a current greater than the maximum charge current specified by the battery vendor under the maximum faulted charge current from the adapter.
- Procedure: Initiate a charging condition via a way that allows host to charge. Once charging is verified introduce the worst case faulted overcurrent condition identified in the design analysis tools per IEEE 1725 paragraph 4.

Compliance: Maximum charge current specified by the battery vendor is not exceeded.

6.6 Fault Isolation and Tolerance

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.2.4, 6.6.5

- Purpose: Ensure that if a system design allows overvoltage or overcurrent to propagate to the battery pack, the battery pack can withstand this overvoltage and / or overcurrent.
- Procedure: Review system documentation.
- Compliance: Ensure that an overvoltage or overcurrent condition that propagates to the battery back can be survived by the battery pack.

6.7 Fault Isolation and Tolerance

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.2.4, 6.6.5
- Purpose: Validate performance of system level charge over current or over voltage protection during a worst case single fault condition as identified in section 6.6.
- Procedure: Setup worst case conditions as identified in section 6.6 for overcurrent situations. Measure current and voltage at the battery pack. Setup worst case conditions as identified in section 6.6 for overvoltage situations. Measure current and voltage at the battery pack. A sample of one is required.
- Compliance: Current and voltage are limited or prevented from propagating to the cell or the pack so the cell/pack can withstand the condition (via protection either in host or pack, or cell).

6.8 Safety

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.3.1

- Purpose: Ensure the charging system, or any part of the host device, does not disable or override the safety features inside the battery pack.
- Procedure: Review system documentation.

Compliance: Ensure that charging system or any part of the host device does not disable or override the safety features inside the battery pack.

6.9 Pack Identification

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.3.2

- Purpose: Ensure proper identification scheme is employed and at a minimum communicates or indicates the maximum charge voltage.
- Procedure: Review system documentation.
- Compliance: Determine the identification scheme employed within the system and verify that the maximum charging voltage is communicated or indicated. A mechanical scheme only is not sufficient.

6.10 Pack Identification

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.3.2

- Purpose: Exercise the identification scheme in a faulted mode to ensure charging is terminated.
- Procedure: Based on analysis interrupt the identification / communication scheme and insert battery and initiate charge. Sample of one is required.
- Compliance: Charge current is terminated or not initiated. This requirement applies to removable and embedded packs. For embedded packs the method of compliance may be verifying the cell/pack part number.

6.11 Algorithm Verification

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.3.3
- Purpose: Validate proper charge algorithm is identified and executed.
- Procedure: Insert fully discharged battery (or emulator) into system and monitor current and voltage during charge cycle. Compare to specification to ensure proper charge current and voltage is provided as specified by the pack vendor. One sample is required.
- Compliance: Ensure proper charge current and voltage is provided as specified by the pack vendor.

6.12 Timer Fault

Reference:	IEEE 1725, Section 7.3.5
Purpose:	Validate the host does not charge for a time period exceeding the system specification.
Procedure:	Determine whether a system specification for maximum charge time exists. If a maximum charge time does exist, charge a battery for a period exceeding the system

specification. This is accomplished by using a simulated failed battery or equivalent method that will force the system to continue to charge past the intended time out. Conduct a full charge cycle noting when the system stops charging. A sample size of one is required.

Compliance: Charging stops when specified system charge time is exceeded.

6.13 Communication Fault

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.3.6
- Purpose: Validate integrity of communication interface (if present, for example SMBus or I²C) and proper actions are taken if communication is prevented or interrupted.
- Procedure: Prevent or interrupt communications per system specifications and monitor current. A sample of one is required.
- Compliance: Charging is terminated or not initiated for systems that employ an electronic communications interface.

6.14 Voltage Range Validation

Reference:	IEEE 1725, Section 7.3.8
Purpose:	Ensure system checks initial battery voltage.
Procedure:	Review system documentation.
Compliance:	Ensure system validates initial battery voltage.

6.15 Initiation of Charging Above Specified Voltage Threshold

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.3.8.1
- Purpose: Validate charging system does not initiate charging when a battery is above a specified voltage.
- Procedure: Charge a battery (or emulator) above the specified voltage or simulate the voltage condition and insert into the charging system (Power applied to charging system prior to insert AND power applied to charging system post insert). A sample of one is required.

Compliance: Monitor current to ensure charging does not initiate per specification.

6.16 Initiation of Charging Below Voltage Threshold

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.3.8.2
- Purpose: Validate charging system does not initiate normal charging when a battery is below a specified voltage.
- Procedure: Discharge a battery (or emulator) below the specified voltage or simulate the voltage condition and insert into the charging system (Power applied to charging system prior

to insert AND power applied to charging system post insert). A sample of one is required.

Compliance: Monitor current to ensure charging does initiate per pack and cell specification.

6.17 Overdischarge Protection

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.3.8.3

- Purpose: If the host incorporates a battery discharge capability feature (normal operation is excluded), Validate that host terminates discharge as defined by pack/cell vendor's specification.
- Procedure: Reduce the voltage at the host/pack interface until the host terminates discharge. Specified nominal discharge current should be utilized to reduce voltage. A sample of one is required.

Compliance: Verify that the pack discharge limit is not exceeded.

6.18 Charging Battery Packs

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.4.2

- Purpose: Ensure that in a multi-battery system that the system prevents a battery pack from directly charging another battery pack without use of an appropriate charging subsystem.
- Procedure: Review system documentation.
- Compliance: Ensure multi-battery systems utilize appropriate charging subsystem to charge batteries.

6.19 Requirements

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.4.1

- Purpose: Ensure that multi-battery pack systems implement requirements for the charging algorithm to each battery pack independently.
- Procedure: Review system documentation.
- Compliance: Ensure multi-battery pack systems have implemented charging algorithm to each battery pack independently.

6.20 Electrostatic Discharge

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.5

- Purpose: Validate ESD tolerance of the host to withstand ESD as specified in Annex A table A3 section 8.
- Procedure: Subject host to ESD in accordance with IEC 61000-4-2 per product level 2 at minimum. If a host supports a removable battery pack, ESD testing should be

performed on the battery contacts of the host (the battery pack is tested separately under section 5.28). A sample size of one is required.

Additionally, systems without specified adapters, perform the test with the host connected to the Adapter Simulator described in <u>Appendix I – Adapter Simulator</u>.

Compliance: No safety critical failures, such as loss of charge control or damage to battery protection circuitry provided in the host.

6.21 Temperature Specification

- Purpose: Ensure system has incorporated temperature limitations as agreed by cell, battery pack, and host vendor.
- Procedure: Review system documentation.
- Compliance: System temperature limitation specifications are in agreement with cell, battery pack, and host vendor specifications.

6.22 Mating of Pins

Reference:	IEEE 1725, Section 7.8.1.1
Purpose:	Ensure host and battery connections mate properly and capable of good electrical contact.
Procedure:	Review host and battery pack connector specification.
Compliance:	Ensure designs coordinate.

6.23 Mating of Pins

 Reference:
 IEEE 1725, Section 7.8.1.1

 Purpose:
 Validate integrity of connection throughout respective product lifetimes of mating components.

- Procedure: Measure contact resistance after life cycle (defined in system specification).
- Compliance: Verify that contact resistance is within specification and mechanical integrity precludes shorting of contacts.

6.24 Pin Separation

Reference:IEEE 1725, Section 7.8.1.2Purpose:Ensure power and ground pins are sufficiently separated.Procedure:Review host device battery interface.

Compliance: Power and ground pins are electrically isolated with a minimum distance of 2.5 mm or by a dielectric material between the power and ground contact points.

6.25 Pin Polarity

Reference:	IEEE 1725, Section 7.8.1.3

- Purpose: Verify battery pack is able to be connected with proper polarity only.
- Procedure: Analyze mechanical design of battery pack and host.
- Compliance: Ensure that the battery cannot be inserted with incorrect polarity and that electrical contact is made only when the battery pack is properly installed into the host.

6.26 Conductor Ratings

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.8.2

- Ensure conductors and connectors have proper current rating for the current load Purpose: with adequate margin as determined by the system vendor.
- Procedure: Review electrical tolerance analysis.

Compliance: Conductors and connectors have proper current rating.

6.27 Connector Strength

- Reference: IEEE 1725. Section 7.8.3.1
- Purpose: Verify connector robustness.
- Procedure: Review system documentation and connector specifications.

Compliance: Connection between battery and host is mechanically robust.

6.28 Performance Over Expected Life

- IEEE 1725, Section 7.8.3.2 Reference:
- Purpose: Verify connector robustness.
- Perform design analysis on connection system. Procedure:
- Compliance: Acceptable contact resistance per specification is maintained over the lifetime of the connection system.

6.29 Metallurgy Consideration

IEEE 1725, Section 7.8.5 Reference:

Ensure host device and battery pack have compatible metallurgy composition to Purpose: minimize corrosion and resistance changes.

Procedure: Review host device and battery pack connector specifications. IEC60950-1 Annex J has a list of metallurgical compatibilities that may be referred to for additional information.

Compliance: Proper metallurgy composition exists within the connection system.

6.30 Mating Force

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.8.6
- Purpose: Ensure proper mechanical force between the electrical contact points is maintained.
- Procedure: Review system documentation.
- Compliance: Design minimizes fretting or other electrical degradation of electrical contact points.

6.31 Shock

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.8.7
- Purpose: Validate mechanical robustness of host device for purpose of use.
- Procedure: Subject host with a battery pack installed to the following drop test: Drop height 1 meter; one drop per plane; 6 mutually perpendicular planes; drop surface concrete. A sample of one is required for each test.
- Compliance: No abnormal heating, no smoke, no fire and / or leakage from battery pack or host.

6.32 Integrity of host charging and charge protection circuitry in the system Foreign Objects

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.8.8
- Purpose: Ensure precautions were taken to minimize the potential for foreign objects and / or liquids to enter the host device and cause a short circuit either during the manufacturing process or end-user operation.
- Procedure: Review system documentation.
- Compliance: Ensure proper precautions were taken to minimize the potential for foreign objects and / or liquids to enter the host device and cause a short circuit either during the manufacturing process or end-user operation.

6.33 Foreign Objects

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.9

- Purpose: Ensure preproduction testing includes all system design criteria in IEEE 1725 7.2, 7.3, 7.4, and 7.5.
- Procedure: Review system verification documentation.

Compliance: Preproduction testing and production sampling include all of the design criteria specified in IEEE 1725, sections 7.2 through 7.5.

6.34 Qualification of New Host Device Designs

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.9.1
- Purpose: Ensure new host device designs pass specified tests identified by the vendor before qualification as a production host.
- Procedure: Review host device documentation.

Compliance: Ensure tests specified by the vendor were performed and passed.

6.35 Qualification of Production Host Devices

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 7.9.2
- Purpose: Ensure production host devices pass qualification tests at specified intervals.
- Procedure: Review host device documentation.
- Compliance: Qualification tests are performed and passed as specified by the host vendor at the prescribed intervals.

CRD Sec	Name	Purpose	Host Samples	Pack Samples	Adapter Samples	Reusable?
5.8	Ambient Considerations	Confirm that the pack and host operate within their specified temperature ranges and that the total system interaction does not exceed the temperature ratings of any components at worst case conditions specified by host vendor (such as maximum RF transmit power, gaming applications, video capture or playback, etc.).	1	1	1	Ν
5.14	5.14 Thermal Sensor Design	Validate that a thermal sensor either in the battery pack and/or host monitors cell temperature and enables the system to limit operation within the cell's thermal specifications	5	5	0	Y
5.15	Action, Thermal Protection	Validate performance of temperature protection during charging.	1	1	1	N
5.23	Mechanical Considerations (Embedded	Validate mechanical robustness for purpose of use.	3	3	0	N

Section 6 - CATL Sample Submission Requirements



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anows overvoltage of overoal entries
overvoltage and / or overcurrent.
and Tolerance level charge over current or over
voltage protection during a worst
case single fault condition as
identified in Section 6.6.
SafetyEnsure the charging system, or any part of the host device, does not000
Fault Isolation and ToleranceValidate performance of system level charge over current or over voltage protection during a worst case single fault condition as identified in Section 6.6.111N



		disable or override the safety				
		features inside the battery pack.				
6.9	Pack identification	Ensure proper identification scheme is employed and at a minimum communicates or indicates the maximum charge voltage.	0	0	0	
6.10	Pack identification	Exercise the identification scheme in a faulted mode to ensure charging is terminated.	1	1	1	Y
6.11	Algorithm Verification	Validate proper charge algorithm is identified and executed.	0	0	0	Use samples from 6.10
6.12	Timer Fault	Validate the host does not charge for a time period exceeding the system specification.	0	0	0	Use samples from 6.10
6.13	Communications Fault	Validate integrity of communication interface (if present and periodic update communication is used) and proper actions are taken upon interruption of the interface.	0	0	0	Use samples from 6.10
6.14	Voltage Range Validation	Ensure system checks initial battery voltage.	0	0	0	
6.15	Initiation of Charging Above Specified Voltage Threshold	Validate charging system does not initiate charging when a battery is above a specified voltage	0	0	0	Use samples from 6.10
6.16	Initiation of Charging Below Voltage Threshold	Validate charging system does not initiate normal charging when a battery is below a specified voltage	0	0	0	Use samples from 6.10
6.17	Overdischarge Protection	If the host incorporates a battery discharge capability feature (normal operation is excluded), Validate that host terminates discharge as defined by pack/cell vendor's specification.	0	0	0	Use samples from 6.10
6.18	Charging Battery Packs	Ensure that in a multi-battery system that the system prevents a battery pack from directly charging another battery pack without use of an appropriate charging subsystem.	0	0	0	
6.19	Requirements	Ensure that multi-battery pack systems implement requirements for the charging algorithm to each battery pack independently.	0	0	0	
6.20	ESD	Validate ESD tolerance of the host to withstand ESD as specified in Annex A table A3 section 8.	1	1	1	N
6.21	Temperature Specification	Ensure charging system has incorporated temperature limitations as agreed by cell, battery pack, and host vendor.	0	0	0	
6.22	Mating of Pins	Ensure host and battery	0	0	0	

		connections mate properly and				
		capable of good electrical contact.				
6.23	Mating of Pins	Validate integrity of connection	0	0	0	
		throughout respective product				
0.04		lifetimes of mating components.				
6.24	Pin Separation	Ensure power and ground pins are	0	0	0	
		sufficiently separated.				
6.25	Pin Polarity	Verify battery pack is able to be	0	0	0	
		connected with proper polarity only.				
6.26	Conductor	Ensure conductors and connectors	0	0	0	
	Ratings	have proper current rating for the				
		current load with adequate margin				
		as determined by the system				
0.07		vendor.				
6.27	Connector	Verify connector robustness.	0	0	0	
0.00	Strength					
6.28	Performance	Verify connector robustness.	0	0	0	
	Over Expected					
0.00	Life		-	6		
6.29	Metallurgy	Ensure host device and battery	0	0	0	
	Consideration	pack have compatible metallurgy				
		composition to minimize corrosion				
0.00		and resistance changes.				
6.30	Mating Force	Ensure proper mechanical force	0	0	0	
		between the electrical contact				
0.04		points is maintained.				
6.31	Shock and	Validate mechanical robustness of	0	0	0	
0.00	Vibration	host device for purpose of use.	0			
6.32	Integrity of host	Ensure precautions were taken to	0	0	0	
	charging and	minimize the potential for foreign				
	charge	objects and / or liquids to enter the				
	protection	host device and cause a short				
	circuitry in the	circuit either during the				
	system Foreign	manufacturing process or end-user operation.				
6.33	Objects Critical Testing	Ensure preproduction testing	0	0	0	
0.33	Practices	include all system design criteria in	0	0	0	
	Flacilles	IEEE 1725 7.2, 7.3, 7.4 and 7.5.				
6.34	Qualification of		0	0	0	
0.34	New Host	Ensure new host device designs pass specified tests identified by the	0	0	0	
	Device Designs	vendor before qualification as a				
	Device Designs	production host.				
6.35	Qualification of	Ensure production host devices	0	0	0	
0.55	Production Host	pass qualification tests at specified	0	0	0	
	Devices	intervals.				
7.3	Adapter ESD	Validate ESD tolerance of the	1	1	1	N
1.5	Requirements	adapter and system to withstand	1			IN
	Requirements	ESD per IEC 61000-4-2.				
		Total Samples Required	8 (16 for	13	8	
		rotal Samples Required	embedded	(21 for	0	
			packs)	embedded		
			packs	packs)		
				packs)		



Sample count in table is based on single sample submission (1 battery & 1 adapter type). Sample count is based on Recognized Adapter / Battery in system certification. If request is for multiple adapters/batteries (recognized) additional sample count is required.

Section 7 AC/DC Adapter, DC/DC Adapter Validation

All tests will be performed on a single sample unless otherwise specified (all samples must pass compliance).

7.1 Adapter Attributes

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 8.2.1

Purpose: Ensure listed attributes are specified for the adapter.

Procedure: Review adapter specification.

Compliance: Verify adapter specifications include a) maximum output voltage, b) minimum output voltage, c) maximum output voltage under a single fault, d) mechanical attributes that define connector interface (including mechanical design, electrical pin-out, and metallurgy), e) minimum output current, and f) if applicable, electrical interface attributes for identification, authentication, etc.

For certified adapters, ensure that the adapter output is rated 5 \pm 0.25 V, 1000 \pm 500 mA.

7.2 Adapter and Safety Features

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 8.2.2
- Purpose: Ensure adapter does not disable or degrade the safety features of the supported host device.
- Procedure: Review adapter and supported host device documentation.

For certified adapters, perform the single fault test in Section 6.3 and the input test in Section 6.2 utilizing the host simulator in <u>Appendix II – Host Simulator</u> at 0% and 100% loads. During surge testing, voltages on the output of the adapter shall be measured differentially at the host adapter using an oscilloscope. The oscilloscope shall be triggered from the surge generator. During the test the oscilloscope horizontal setting shall be adjusted from 1V/div to 50mV/div and the vertical setting shall be adjusted from 2ms/div to 400ns/div. The largest transients shall be recorded.

Compliance: For systems with recognized adapters, adapter does not disable or degrade the safety features of the supported host device.

For certified adapters, the adapter does not: disable or degrade the safety features of the supported host device; exceed 9 V during the worst case single fault test specified in Section 6.3; or result in transients or voltages greater than ± 1 V superimposed on the nominal 5V output circuits during or after the application of the input test specified in Section 6.2.

7.3 Adapter ESD Requirements

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 8.2.3

- Purpose: Validate ESD tolerance of the adapter and/or system to withstand ESD per IEC 61000-4-2.
- Procedure: Subject adapter and system to ESD in accordance with IEC 61000-4-2 per product level 2 as a minimum. Certified adapters must be connected to host simulator for the test.
- Compliance: For systems with recognized adapters, no safety critical failures, such as loss of charge control or damage to battery protection circuitry.

For certified adapters, the adapter output must not exceed 9 V after the test.

Note: N/A is only applicable for systems without specified adapters.

7.4 Connector Design of Adapter and Host and Adapter-Host Reliability

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 8.2.4.1 and 8.2.4.6
- Purpose: Verify connector robustness.
- Procedure: Perform or review design analysis on connection system.
- Compliance: For systems with recognized adapters, acceptable contact resistance is maintained per specification and contact and insulator integrity.

For certified adapters, connectors shall be robust and conform to USB specifications.

7.5 Separation of Pins

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 8.2.4.2

- Purpose: Ensure power and ground pins are sufficiently separated and polarized to ensure that the connection can only be made with proper polarity.
- Procedure: Review adapter and host connector specifications.
- Compliance: For systems with recognized adapters, spacing and connection are compatible.

For certified adapters, connectors shall conform to the spacings defined in USB specifications.

7.6 Electrical Compliance

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 8.2.4.3

- Purpose: Ensure adapters that are powered by ac mains comply with all electrical safety requirements of the country of destination.
- Procedure: Review adapter documentation.
- Compliance: Ensure compliance to electrical safety requirements of the country of destination. Minimum marking shall be NRTL (Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory). Refer to: www.OSHA.gov.

7.7 Current Ratings

Reference:	IEEE 1725, Section 8.2.4.4	
Purpose:	Ensure conductors and connectors have proper current rating.	
Procedure:	Review adapter documentation.	
Compliance:	Ensure conductors and connectors have proper current rating.	
Pin Metallurgy		
Reference:	IEEE 1725, Section 8.2.4.5	
Purpose:	Ensure adapter and charger or host connector pins have proper composition to minimize corrosion and resistance changes.	

- Procedure: Review host device and adapter connector specifications. IEC60950-1 Annex J has a list of metallurgical compatibilities that may be referred to for additional information.
- Compliance: For systems with recognized adapters, pin metallurgy is compatible.

For certified adapters, connectors shall comply with USB specifications.

7.9 Shock

7.8

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 8.2.4.7

- Purpose: Validate mechanical robustness of adapter for purpose of use.
- Procedure: Subject adapter to drop test, six mutually perpendicular planes, 1 (one) drop per plane, height 1 (one), meter drop surface concrete. A sample of one per test is required.
- Compliance: Adapters functional normally per product specification. No physical deformation is evident and no mating parts separate during testing.

7.10 Adapter and Foreign Objects

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 8.2.5
- Purpose: Ensure adapter design has taken precautions to minimize the potential for foreign objects and / or liquids to enter the adapter and cause short circuit either during the manufacturing process or end-user operation.
- Procedure: Review adapter design.
- Compliance: Ensure precautions have been taken to minimize the potential for foreign objects and / or liquids to enter the adapter.

7.11 Adapter Marking and Traceability Requirements

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 8.2.6

Purpose:	Ensure each vendor has a traceability plan and each adapter carries markings of the production lot and / or date code on the label.
Procedure:	Review the adapter documentation.
Compliance:	Ensure adapter markings carry the production lot and / or date code on the label and a traceability plan is in place.

7.12 Charger Considerations (AC/DC Charger, DC/DC Charger)

IEEE 1725, Section 8.3 Reference:

Purpose: Ensure chargers meet requirements in IEEE1725 clauses 7 and 8.2.

Procedure: Review charger documentation.

Compliance: Compliance to above mentioned clauses.

7.13 Critical Testing Practices

IEEE 1725, Section 8.4 Reference:

Ensure testing and verification of preproduction and production units includes all Purpose: system design criteria in IEEE1725 8.2 and 8.3.

Procedure: Review adapter documentation.

Compliance: Testing and verification includes all system design criteria in IEEE1725, Section 8.2 and 8.3.

7.14 Qualification of New Adapter Designs

Reference:	IEEE 1725, Section 8.4.1
Purpose:	Ensure new adapter designs pass specified tests identified by the vendor before qualification as a production adapter.

Procedure: Review system documentation.

Compliance: Ensure specified tests pass before qualification as a production adapter.

7.15 Qualification of Production Adapters

Reference:	IEEE 1725,	Section 8.4.2
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- Purpose: Ensure qualification tests are passed at intervals as specified by the vendor.
- Procedure: Review adapter qualification test procedures (to determine required interval and test programs), and adapter test reports.
- Compliance: Qualification tests are conducted at the specified intervals and all specified test requirements are passed.

7.16 Common Power Supply (CPS) Minimum Output Load Current

Reference: OMTP 4.3 Req. ID CPS-0140

- Purpose: To verify that the CPS is able to deliver at least 850mA at 5V (±5%) dc.
- Procedure: Load the output of the CPS with a variable resistive load. Starting from around 7 Ω , reduce the resistance, while monitoring output current and output voltage of the CPS to verify that output current/voltage requirement is met.

CPS with a captive output cable measurements are made at the Micro-B connector. For CPS with detachable cable measurements are made at CPS output connector, USB Standard-A connector.

Compliance: The output current shall rise to at least 850mA while maintaining the output voltage at the 5V ± 5% dc (*Charging Port Output Voltage: VCHG from table 5-1 USB-IF BCS*)

7.17 Common Power Supply (CPS) Common Mode Noise Measurement – AC Voltage Component

- Reference: OMTP 4.3 Req. ID CPS-0170, OMTP 4.3 Req. ID CPS-0180
- Purpose: To verify the AC voltage frequency common mode noise of the output voltage of the CPS.
- Procedure: Measure the common mode noise in accordance with Clause 6.2 of IEC 62684:2011, but with a mains voltage of 264Vac, 60Hz.

CPS with a captive output cable measurements are made at the Micro-B connector. For CPS with detachable cable measurements are made at CPS output connector, USB Standard-A connector.

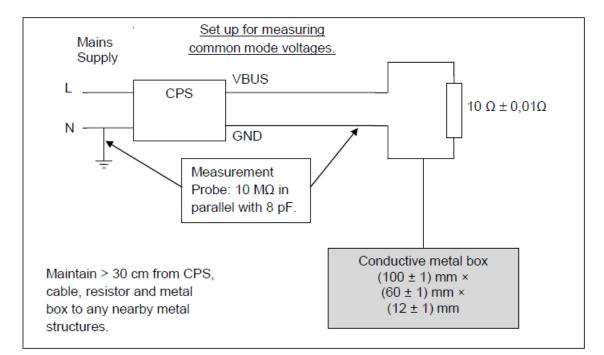
Compliance: The AC voltage frequency component of the common mode noise at the CPS output shall be no more than 95V peak to peak.

7.18 Common Power Supply (CPS) Common Mode Noise Measurement – Switching Frequency

- Reference: OMTP 4.3 Req. ID CPS-0170, OMTP 4.3 Req. ID CPS-0190
- Purpose: To verify the switching frequency common mode noise of the output voltage of the CPS. Switching frequency in this instance means the fundamental frequency at which the switching element of the power supply operates.
- Procedure: Measure the common mode noise in accordance with Clause 6.2 of IEC 62684:2011 but with a mains voltage of 264Vac, 60Hz.

CPS with a captive output cable measurements are made at the Micro-B connector. For CPS with detachable cable measurements are made at CPS output connector, USB Standard-A connector.

Compliance: The switching frequency component of the common mode noise at the CPS output shall be no more than 1V peak to peak.



7.19 Charging Port Requirements – Overshoot

Reference: OMTP 4.3 Req. ID CPS-0170, USB-IF Battery Charging Specification Clause 4.1.1

- Purpose: To verify that the output voltage of the CPS does not exceed VCHG_OVRSHT for any step change in load current, nor when the CPS is powered on or off.
- Procedure: Connect the CPS to a mains supply. Monitor the output voltage of the CPS while changing the load as follows:

(i) Connecting and disconnecting a load which has been chosen to draw the maximum rated current from the CPS.

(ii) Turning the CPS on and off under no load and maximum load conditions (maximum rated current).

(iii) Step change sequence of 0 % - 100%, 100% - 50%, 50% - 0%, 0% - 75%, 75% - 100% and 100% - 0% of rated current.

Monitor the output voltage of the CPS during test.

Perform the test at 90 & 264 Vac, 60Hz.

CPS with a captive output cable measurements are made at the Micro-B connector. For CPS with detachable cable measurements are made at CPS output connector, USB Standard-A connector.

Compliance: The output voltage shall not exceed 6V at any time (*Charging Port Overshoot Voltage: VCHG_OVRSHT from table 5-1 USB-IF BCS*).

7.20 Charging Port Requirements – Maximum Current

- Reference: OMTP 4.3 Req. ID CPS-0170, USB-IF Battery Charging Specification Clause 4.1.2
- Purpose: To verify that the CPS output current never exceeds ICDP max under any conditions.
- Procedure: Connect the CPS to a mains supply. Monitor the output current of the CPS under the following conditions:-
 - (i) Short Circuit of the output
 - (ii) Overload of the output
 - (iii) Any other single fault condition in the secondary circuit that may result in an increase of output current based on circuit, FMEA or similar analysis by the adapter manufacturer. Only 1 single fault is applied at a time, at the end of each test verification that the CPS is still functioning correctly is required before performing the next single fault.

Perform the test at 264Vac, 60Hz.

CPS with a captive output cable measurements are made at the Micro-B connector. For CPS with detachable cable measurements are made at CPS output connector, USB Standard-A connector.

Compliance: The output current shall not exceed 5A at any time (*Charging Downstream Port* Rated Current: ICDP from table 5-2 USB-IF BCS)

7.21 Charging Port Requirements – Shutdown Operation

- Reference: OMTP 4.3 Req. ID CPS-0170, USB-IF Battery Charging Specification Clause 4.1.4
- Purpose: To verify the CPS operation if the load on its output causes it to go outside its required operating range.
- Procedure: Connect the CPS to a mains supply. Monitor the output voltage and current while varying the output load from open circuit to short circuit.

Perform the test at 90 & 264Vac, 60Hz.

CPS with a captive output cable measurements are made at the Micro-B connector. For CPS with detachable cable measurements are made at CPS output connector, USB Standard-A connector.

Compliance: The output of the CPS shall meet the requirements of USB Battery Charging Specification Rev 1.2, Clause 4.4.1. The CPS is allowed to shut down when output load causes it to go outside its required operating range, under this condition the CPS shall turn off the output voltage, enter constant current limiting or enter foldback current limiting.

7.22 Charging Port Requirements – Failure Voltage

- Reference: OMTP 4.3 Req. ID CPS-0170, USB-IF Battery Charging Specification Clause 4.1.5
- Purpose: To verify that the output voltage of the CPS remains within VCHG_FAIL for any single fault conditions in the CPS.
- Procedure: Connect the CPS to a mains supply of 264Vac, 60Hz. Introduce a single fault condition into the CPS and monitor the output voltage with an output load drawing the nominal rated current from the CPS. The fault shall be in the secondary circuit and which may result in an increase of output voltage based on circuit, FMEA or similar analysis by the adapter manufacturer. Only 1 single fault is applied at a time, at the end of each test the CPS shall be verified that it is still functioning correctly before applying the next single fault.

CPS with a captive output cable measurements are made at the Micro-B connector. For CPS with detachable cable measurements are made at CPS output connector, USB Standard-A connector.

Compliance: The output voltage of the CPS shall remain within -0.3V and 9.0V (*Charging Port Failure Voltage: VCHG_FAIL from table 5-1 USB-IF BCS*).

7.23 Charging Port Requirements – Multiple Ports

- Reference: USB-IF Battery Charging Specification Clause 4.1.6, OMTP 4.3 Req. ID CPS-0171, OMTP 4.3 Req. ID CPS-0170
- Purpose: To verify that for a CPS with multiple output ports, that each output port stays within its required operating range regardless of the operation of the other output ports.
- Procedure: Monitor the output voltage and current of all ports of the CPS while varying the load conditions on one port, whilst all other ports of the CPS are loaded to maximum rated load current.

Perform the test at 90 & 264Vac, 60Hz.

CPS with a captive output cable measurements are made at the Micro-B connector. For CPS with detachable cable measurements are made at CPS output connector, USB Standard-A connector. Compliance: The output of each port of the CPS shall stay within the Required Operating Range for DCP of Figure 4-2 of USB Battery Charging Specification Rev 1.2, Clause 4.4.1.

7.24 Charging Downstream – Required Operating Range

- Reference: USB-IF Battery Charging Specification Clause 4.4.1, OMTP 4.3 Req. ID CPS-0170
- Purpose: To verify that the output voltage vs current characteristics meet the required operating range for a dedicated charging port.
- Procedure: Connect the CPS to a mains supply. Monitor the output voltage and current of the CPS while decreasing the load resistance from no load to one which draws more than the maximum rated output current.

Perform the test at 90 & 264Vac, 60Hz.

CPS with a captive output cable measurements are made at the Micro-B connector. For CPS with detachable cable measurements are made at CPS output connector, USB Standard-A connector.

Compliance: The output voltage vs current characteristics of the CPS shall at all times meet the required operating range of the USB Battery Charging Specification Rev 1.2, Clause 4.4.1, or the CPS will have shut down by turning off the output voltage, entering constant current limiting or entering foldback current limiting.

7.25 Charging Downstream – Undershoot

- Reference: USB-IF Battery Charging Specification Clause 4.4.2, OMTP 4.3 Req. ID CPS-0170
- Purpose: To verify that the output voltage of the CPS is at least VCHG_UNDHST during step changes in the output current.
- Procedure: Connect the CPS to a mains supply. Monitor the output voltage while varying the output load so that the output current is made to step change from:
 - a) 30mA to 100mA,
 - b) from 100mA to the CPS rated output current,
 - c) from 30mA to 100mA then 20ms later from 100mA to the CPS rated output current.

Perform the test at 90 & 264Vac, 60Hz.

CPS with a captive output cable measurements are made at the Micro-B connector. For CPS with detachable cable measurements are made at CPS output connector, USB Standard-A connector.

Compliance: The output voltage shall not fall below 4.1V at any time (*Charging Port Undershoot Voltage : VCHG_UNDSHT from table 5-1 USB-IF BCS*). Reductions in the output

voltage from the nominal starting output voltage shall not last more than 10ms (DCP undershoot voltage time: TDCP_UNDSHT from table 5-5 USB-IF BCS).

7.26 Charging Downstream – Detection Signaling

- Reference: USB-IF Battery Charging Specification Clause 4.4.3, OMTP 4.3 Req. ID CPS-0170
- Purpose: To verify that the impedance between, the leakage from and the capacitance between D+ and D- of the CPS output meet the requirements of USB Battery charging Specification Rev 1.2.
- Procedure: With the CPS unpowered, measure the following:

i) the impedance between D+ and D- of the output of the CPS .

ii) the capacitance between :

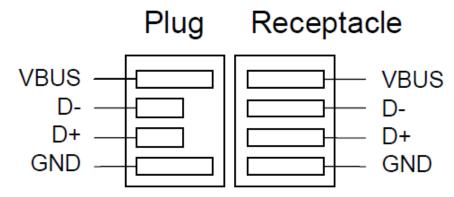
a) D+ and 0 V,
b) D- and 0 V,
c) D+ and +5 V
d) D- and +5 V.

With the CPS powered from 264Vac, 60Hz, measure the leakage current from:

a) D+ to 0 V, b) D- to 0 V c) D+ to +5 V d) D- to +5 V.

CPS with a captive output cable measurements are made at the Micro-B connector. For CPS with detachable cable measurements are made at CPS output connector, USB Standard-A connector.

The test leads shall be kept to a minimum length and the selection of measurement instruments shall not adversely influence the result. An appropriate 4 wire resistance meter and measuring bridge are examples of measurement instruments that may be used.



Compliance: The impedance between D+ and D- shall be no more than 200Ω (*RDCP_DAT from table 5-3 USB-IF BCS*)

The leakage current shall be no more than 24 μ A (3.6V through two 300k Ω in parallel. This is VDAT_LKG from table 5-1 and RDAT_LKG from table 5-3 USB-IF BCS).

The capacitance shall be no more than 1nF (CDCP_PWR from table 5-4 USB-IF BCS)

7.27 Charging Downstream – Connector

Reference: OMTP 4.3 Req. ID CPS-0110, CPS-0111, CPS-0120, CPS-0130 & CPS-0170 USB-IF Battery Charging Specification Clause 4.4.4

- Purpose: To verify CPS connector.
- Procedure: Verify that the CPS has a one of the following means of connection to the host device:

(i) USB Standard –A Receptacle meeting Ruggedized category of the USB-IF standard with a USB Standard –A to Micro-B detachable cable

(ii) Captive cable terminated with USB Micro-B plug

Compliance: The CPS has one of the above options provided. The connector/cable is being in compliance with USB-IF USB Cable and Connectors Class Document 2.0 standard.

This is verified by visual inspection and documented evidence of compliance to USB-IF USB Cable and Connectors Class Document 2.0.

7.28 Detachable Cable – Voltage Drop Test

- Reference: USB Cables and Connectors Class Document Rev.2.0 clause 3, OMTP 4.3 Req. ID CPS-0170, USB Specification 2.0 Rev.2.0 Clause 7.2.2 Figure 7-47.
- Purpose: To verify the voltage drop introduced by the detachable output cable does not exceed the USB Class requirement.

Procedure: Configure the test set up as below:

VBUS D- D+ GND		
Int	put voltage between VBUS and	Voltage between VBUS and

Input voltage between VBUS and GND at Standard-A USB connector = Vin (5V nominal) Voltage between VBUS and GND at Micro-B connector \geq Vin – 2 x 125mV with a resistive load drawing 500mA .



Compliance: The voltage measured across the Micro-B USB connector shall be \geq (Vin – 2 x 125mV) under a load of 500mA.

Section 7 - CATL Sample Submission Requirements

Section	Name	Purpose	Adapter Samples	Reusable ?
7.1	Adapter Attributes	Ensure adapter meets input requirements of the supported host charging device.	0	
7.2	Adapter & Safety Features	Ensure adapter does not disable or degrade the safety features of the supported host device.	0	
7.2	Adapter & Safety Features (Certified Adapters Only)	Ensure adapter does not disable or degrade the safety features of the supported host device.	2	Ν
7.3	Adapter ESD Requirements	Validate ESD tolerance of the adapter and system to withstand ESD per IEC 61000- 4-2.	0	
7.3	Adapter ESD Requirements (Certified Adapters Only)	Validate ESD tolerance of the adapter and system to withstand ESD per IEC 61000-4-2.	1	N
7.4	Connector Design of Adapter and Host and Adapter-Host Reliability	Verify connector robustness.	0	
7.5	Separation of Pins	Ensure power and ground pins are sufficiently separated and polarized to ensure that the connection can only be made with proper polarity.	0	
7.6	Electrical Compliance	Ensure adapters that are powered by ac mains comply with all electrical safety requirements of the country of destination.	0	
7.7	Current Ratings	Ensure conductors and connectors have proper current rating.	0	
7.8	Pin Metallurgy	Ensure adapter and host connector pins have proper composition to minimize corrosion and resistance changes.	0	
7.9	Shock	Validate mechanical robustness of adapter for purpose of use.	0	
7.10	Adapter and Foreign Objects	Ensure adapter design has taken precautions to minimize the potential for foreign objects and / or liquids to enter the adapter and cause short circuit either during the manufacturing process or end- user operation.	0	
7.11	Adapter Marking and Traceability Requirements	Ensure each vendor has a traceability plan and each adapter carries markings of the production lot and / or date code on the label.	0	
7.12	Charger Considerations (AC/DC Charger, DC/DC Charger)	Ensure chargers meet requirements in IEEE1725 clauses 7 and 8.2.	0	
7.13	Critical Testing Practices	Ensure testing and verification of preproduction and production units	0	

		includes all system design criteria in		
		IEEE1725 8.2 and 8.3.		
7.14	Qualification of New Adapter Designs	Ensure new adapter designs pass specified tests identified by the vendor before qualification as a production adapter.	0	
7.15	Qualification of Production Adapters	Ensure qualification tests are passed at intervals as specified by the vendor.	0	
7.16	Common Power Supply (CPS) Minimum Output Load Current	To verify that the CPS is able to delivery at least 850mA at 5V (±5%) dc	1	Y
7.17	Common Power Supply (CPS) Common Mode Noise Measurement –AC Voltage Component	To verify the AC voltage frequency common mode noise of the output voltage of the CPS.	0	Use sample from 7.16
7.18	Common Power Supply (CPS) Common Mode Noise Measurement – Switching Frequency	To verify the switching frequency common mode noise of the output voltage of the CPS. Switching frequency in this instance means the fundamental frequency at which the switching element of the power supply operates.	0	Use sample from 7.16
7.19	Charging Port Requirements – Overshoot	To verify that the output voltage of the CPS does not exceed VCHG_OVRSHT for any step change in load current, nor when the CPS is powered on or off.	0	Use sample from 7.16
7.20	Charging Port Requirements – Maximum Current	To verify that the CPS output current never exceeds ICDP max under any conditions.	1	N
7.21	Charging Port Requirements – Shutdown Operation	To verify the CPS operation if the load on its output causes it to go outside its required operating range.	1	N
7.22	Charging Port Requirements –Failure Voltage	To verify that the output voltage of the CPS remains within VCHG_FAIL for any single fault conditions in the CPS.	1	N
7.23	Charging Port Requirements – Multiple Ports	To verify that for a CPS with multiple output ports, that each output port stays within its required operating range regardless of the operation of the other output ports.	0	Use sample from 7.16
7.24	Charging Downstream -Required Operating Range	To verify that the output voltage vs current characteristics meet the required operating range for a dedicated charging port.	1	N
7.25	Charging Downstream -Indershoot	To verify that the output voltage of the CPS is at least VCHG_UNDHST during step changes in the output current.	0	Use sample from 7.16
7.26	Charging Downstream – Detection Signalling	To verify that the impedance between, the leakage from and the capacitance between D+ and D- of the CPS output meet the requirements of USB Battery charging Specification Rev 1.2.	0	Use sample from 7.16
7.27	Charging Downstream – Connector	To verify CPS connector.	0	

7.28	Detachable Cable – Voltage Drop Test	To verify the voltage drop introduced by the detachable output cable does not exceed the USB Class requirement.	1	N
		Total Samples Required	0 (8for Certified Adapters)	

Section 8 Total System Reliability Validation

8.1 User Interactions and Responsibilities

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 9.2

Purpose: Determine that required user information is provided.

Procedure: Determine by inspection that the following information is made available to the user by one or more of (a) printed on the label for the battery, (b) printed on the label for the host device, (c) printed in the owner's manual, and/or (d) posted in a help file or Internet web site.

a) Do not disassemble or open crush, bend or deform, puncture or shred

b) Do not modify or remanufacture, attempt to insert foreign objects into the battery, immerse or expose to water or other liquids, expose to fire, explosion or other hazard.

c) Only use the battery for the system for which it is specified

d) Only use the battery with a charging system that has been qualified with the system per CTIA Certification Requirements for Battery System Compliance to IEEE 1725. Use of an unqualified battery or charger may present a risk of fire, explosion, leakage, or other hazard.

e) Do not short circuit a battery or allow metallic conductive objects to contact battery terminals.

f) Replace the battery only with another battery that has been qualified with the system per this standard, IEEE-Std-1725. Use of an unqualified battery may present a risk of fire, explosion, leakage or other hazard.

Only authorized service providers shall replace battery. (If the battery is non-user replaceable).

g) Promptly dispose of used batteries in accordance with local regulations

h) Battery usage by children should be supervised.

j) Avoid dropping the phone or battery. If the phone or battery is dropped, especially on a hard surface, and the user suspects damage, take it to a service center for inspection.

k) Improper battery use may result in a fire, explosion or other hazard.

For those host devices that utilize a USB port as a charging source, the host device's user manual shall include a statement that the phone shall only be connected to CTIA certified adapters, products that bear the USB-IF logo or products that have completed the USB-IF compliance program.



Compliance: Language that communicates the intention of each of the above warnings is included with the product. For non-user-replaceable batteries use sections: a, b, d, f, g, j, k and the final USB-IF statement.

Section 9 System Security Validation

9.1 Host and Battery Authentication

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 10.2.1
- Purpose: To ensure that there is an authentication method in place
- Procedure: Identify method of authentication that has been implemented.
- Compliance: A method of active or passive authentication has been implemented. Embedded batteries are exempt from this requirement.

9.2 Ensuring Supply Chain Security

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 10.4.1
- Purpose: To ensure that adequate security of supply chain is in place and that a security audit plan exists and is being followed.
- Procedure: Audit supply chain security process.

Verify that the vendors have documented processes which address the integrity of their supply chain such that no materials enter the supply chain inappropriately. Verify that these processes have been implemented, are being followed and the vendor is periodically verifying compliance to the processes.

Compliance: Practices and/or procedures exist and are followed to ensure supply chain security.

9.3 Avoiding Defective Parts

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 10.4.2
- Purpose: To ensure that adequate security of supply chain, including defective components, is in place and that a security audit plan exists and is being followed. Ensure defective components do not re-enter the supply chain.
- Procedure: Audit supply chain security process.

Verify that the vendors have documented processes which address the integrity of their supply chain such that no defective materials enter the supply chain. Verify that these processes have been implemented, are being followed, and the vendor is periodically verifying compliance to the processes.

Compliance: Practices and/or procedures exist and are followed to ensure supply chain security.

9.4 Battery Pack Identification

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 10.4.3

- Purpose: Determine the vendor has a means of identification within a battery pack to allow verification, by said vendor, of the battery pack and cells if the external housing is destroyed.
- Procedure: Review the battery pack documentation to determine the method implemented.
- Compliance: A means of identification within the battery pack has been implemented to allow identification of cell(s) and pack, if the external housing is destroyed.

Section 10 Validation

10.1 Component Requirements

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 11.3.1
- Purpose: Determine by analysis that all system components used in design under test comply with this standard.

For a design to be considered compliant to this standard, all system components used in a design shall be compliant to this standard

- Procedure: Determine by analysis that all system components used in design under test comply with this standard.
- Compliance: System components comply.

10.2 Record Keeping

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 11.3.3
- Purpose: Determine by inspection that records defining compliance are maintained by the vendor of record.

Records defining compliance shall be maintained by the vendor of record. The specific format of such records is not specified.

Procedure: Inspect documentation.

Compliance: Documentation exists and meets minimum requirements.

10.3 Quality System Requirements

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 11.4
- Purpose: Determine that manufacturer/supplier's quality system meets requirements of ISO-9000.
- Procedure: Determine by inspection that manufacturer/supplier holds valid relevant ISO-9000 certificate.

Compliance: Manufacturer/supplier is registered to ISO-9000:2000.

10.4 Definition of Safety Critical Variables

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 11.5.1 (N/A See compliance)
- Purpose: To ensure that the vendor has defined and documented product and process variables that relate to product safety (safety critical variables).
- Procedure: Evaluate the vendor's product and process documentation.

Compliance: Safety critical variables have been defined. Compliance to this requirement will not be evaluated separately, but instead will be demonstrated as a part of the cell, pack, host, and system requirements.

10.5 Definition of Critical Measurement Processes

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 11.5.2 (N/A See compliance)
- Purpose: To ensure that the vendor has defined critical measurement processes for safety critical variables.
- Procedure: Evaluate the vendor's product and process documentation.
- Compliance: Critical Measurement processes have been defined for the safety critical variables. Compliance to this requirement will not be evaluated separately, but instead will be demonstrated as a part of the cell, pack, host, and system requirements.

10.6 Confirmation of Critical Measurement Process Capability

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 11.5.3 (N/A See compliance)
- Purpose: To ensure that the vendor has validated the measurement capability of those critical measurement processes used to assess safety critical variables to both understand and minimize the impact of measurement error.
- Procedure: Evaluate the vendor's product and process documentation, with particular attention to measurement system analysis studies.
- Compliance: Critical Measurement processes have been shown to be capable to assess the safety critical variables defined. Compliance to this requirement will not be evaluated separately, but instead will be demonstrated as a part of the cell, pack, host, and system requirements.

10.7 Confirmation of Process Stability

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 11.5.4 (N/A See compliance)
- Purpose: To ensure that the vendor's processes that relate to safety critical variables (both product and process) are sufficiently stable such that they can be reliably predicted and thus controlled.
- Procedure: Evaluate the vendor's product and process documentation, with particular attention to process tracking data used to substantiate process stability for process or part qualification.
- Compliance: Vendor's processes that relate to safety critical variables (both product and process) are sufficiently stable. Compliance to this requirement will not be evaluated separately, but instead will be demonstrated as a part of the cell, pack, host, and system requirements.

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10.8 Confirmation of Process Capability

Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 11.5.5 (N/A - See compliance)

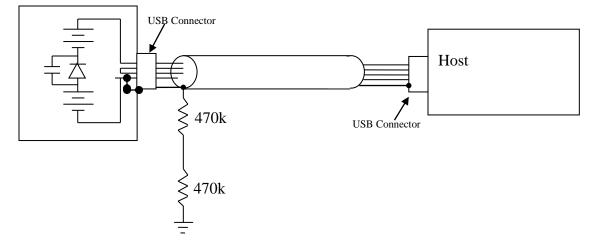
- Purpose: To ensure that the vendor's processes that relate to safety critical variables (both product and process) have sufficient process capability in regards to their respective specifications, thus minimizing the chance of an out of specification condition.
- Procedure: Evaluate the vendor's product and process documentation, with particular attention to process capability studies.
- Compliance: Vendor's processes have been shown to be capable of meeting the specifications for the safety critical variables defined with acceptable margin. Compliance to this requirement will not be evaluated separately, but instead will be demonstrated as a part of the cell, pack, host, and system requirements.

10.9 Process Monitoring and Reaction to Out-of-Control Events

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 11.5.6 (N/A See compliance)
- Purpose: To ensure that the vendor has defined and implemented appropriate process monitoring and control to those processes that relate to safety critical variables (both product and process). Additionally, should an out-of-control event occur, that the vendor conducts an appropriate investigation and, if required, implements necessary corrective actions to bring the process back in control.
- Procedure: Evaluate the vendor's product and process documentation, with particular attention to process control plans and process control data for safety critical process variables, and vendor-provided or incoming inspection data for safety critical product variables.
- Compliance: The vendor has defined and implemented appropriate process monitoring and control such that safety critical product and process variables are adequately controlled. Evidence exists that out-of-control events are properly investigated and corrective actions applied where appropriate. Compliance to this requirement will not be evaluated separately, but instead will be demonstrated as a part of the cell, pack, host, and system requirements.

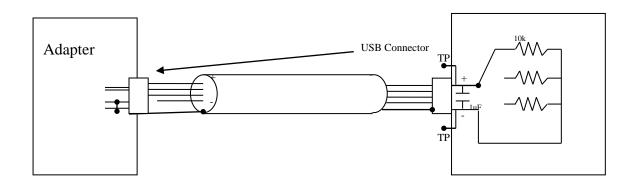
10.10 Process Improvement Actions

- Reference: IEEE 1725, Section 11.5.7 (N/A See compliance)
- Purpose: To ensure that the vendor documents and implements an appropriate process improvement strategy to enhance the capability of safety critical product and process variables.
- Procedure: Evaluate the vendor's product and process documentation, with particular attention to product and process improvement strategies and actions.
- Compliance: A program of process improvement has been implemented on those processes related to safety critical product and process variables. Compliance to this requirement will not be evaluated separately, but instead will be demonstrated as a part of the cell, pack, host, and system requirements.



Appendix I – Adapter Simulator

Details: Adapter simulator is constructed in a plastic box with 1.5V batteries. Power output shall be between 4.75 - 5.25 under load. Data pins shall be shorted together. Cable is $1m \pm 5cm$ USB cable with drain attached to the shield within 5cm of Adapter Simulator. 10nF, 20% max capacitor and 1N54 series diode placed between the batteries. Shield drain wire grounded to horizontal ground plane via drain wire as illustrated.



Appendix II – Host Simulator

Details: Host simulator is constructed in a plastic box and contains non-inductive resistive loads. Cable is 1m ±5cm USB cable. Test points shall be available for monitoring of surge waveform. First resistor is 10k, 10% max tolerance to simulate 0% loads. Other resistors added for 100% loading. More than one path can be created if one host simulator is used for multiple capacities of adapters. Capacitor is ceramic 1uF capacitor with 20% max tolerance. Number of resistors in the Host Simulator is variable, and may be replaced with one or more variable resistors of sufficient power rating.

Date	Revision	Description
October 2006	1.0	First Revision
December	1.1	Updated entire document
2006		Changed section headings to match IEEE 1725 section headings
April 2007	1.2	Updated requirements in all sections
July 2007	1.3	Updated Validation Process section
		Removed validation type from section titles
		 Converted types to either Test or Audit (eliminated Inspection and Analysis)
		 Changed "Subsystem Requirements, Battery Pack" to "Subsystem Requirements, Transport of Dangerous Goods, Battery Pack"
		 Changed "Subsystem Requirements, Transport of Dangerous Goods" to "Subsystem Requirements, Transport of Dangerous Goods, Cell"
		Updated procedure and compliance criteria for Cell Validation - Internal Short Avoidance
		Added Cell Thermal Test (Audit) section back in
		Updated procedure for Cell Validation - Evaluation of Excess Lithium Plating and Short-Circuit Test on Cycled Cells
		 Clarified procedure for Battery Pack Validation - Ambient Consideration
		Clarified compliance criteria for Battery Pack Validation - Thermal Consideration
		Updated procedure and compliance criteria for Battery Pack Validation - Mechanical Considerations
		Updated purpose and compliance criteria for Host Device Validation - Input
		Clarified procedure for Host Device Validation - Timer Fault
October 2007	1.4	 Section 1.3 (Applicable Documents) – clarified that latest version shall be used
		Section 1.4 – added definitions to acronyms
		Section 2.2 (Test) – updated description
		Section 4.2 (Isolation Properties) – updated compliance
		Section 4.38 (Tab Positioning) – updated procedure
		Section 4 Sample Size and Re-use Table – added Section 4.51

Appendix III – Change History

		1	
		•	Section 5 introduction – changed inspection/analysis to audit
		•	Section 5.10 (Thermal Consideration) – updated purpose and compliance
		•	Section 5.23 (Mechanical Considerations) – updated reference and procedure
		•	Section 5.28 (ESD) – updated procedure
		•	Section 5.38 (Pack Testing During Production) – updated procedure and compliance
		•	Section 5 Sample Requirements Summary table – updated # Samples for Section 5.23 and Total Packs Required
		•	Section 6.9 (Pack Identification) – updated Compliance
		•	Section 6.31 (Shock and Vibration) – updated procedure
		•	Section 6 Samples Table – updated # Samples in Section 6.2
		•	Section 7.3 (Adapter ESD Requirements) – updated procedure
		•	Section 7.9 (Shock and Vibration Effects) – updated procedure
		•	Section 7 – added Samples Table
		•	Section 8.1 (User Interactions and Responsibilities) – updated procedure
January 2008	1.5	•	ALL Sections – Removed "Type" Headings and content
		•	Section 1.3 – Removed date reference for UL1642
		•	Section 1.4 – Correction of Abbreviation of PCM and addition of a definition of "C" $$
		•	Section 3.2 - Added details of minimum marking requirements
		•	Section 3.3 - Added details of minimum marking requirements
		•	Section 4.6 – Clarification
		•	Section 4.13 – Added "Supplementary" to Title
		•	Section 4.43 – Addition of vision inspection of insertion process
		•	Section 4.52 – Replaced UL1642 procedure with IEEE1725 short circuit procedure.
		•	Section 5.13 - Removal of requirement for low discharge (Standby) rates.
		•	Section 5.15 – "Cell" changed to "Pack" and temperature spec clarified
		•	Section 5.26 – Re wording of compliance statement
		•	Section 6, Sample table – 6.31 requirement reduced from 2 to 1
		•	Section 7.3 – Changed "adapter" to "adapter and system"
		•	Section 7.6 – Added details of minimum marking requirements

March 2008	1.6	•	Section 4.2 – Updated procedure for clarification.
-		•	Section 4.3 – Updated procedure to remove "Auditor to ask for" and added review
		•	Section 4.6 – Updated compliance, replaced measurements with measurement data
		•	Section 4.11 – Updated purpose and added "tab". Updated procedure to remove "Auditor to ask for"
		•	Section 4.12 – Updated procedure to add "Not applicable to the cells that have more than one single tab at cell core initiation (such as stacking or folding configurations)."
		•	Section 4.13 – Updated procedure to add "Not applicable to the cells that have more than one single tab at cell core initiation (such as stacking or folding configurations)."
		•	Section 4.14 – Updated procedure to delete randomly selected. Added "Not applicable to the cells that have more than one single tab at cell core initiation (such as stacking or folding configurations)."
		•	Section 4.15 – Updated procedure for clarification. Deleted "Inspect production line and note the insulation material used."
		•	Section 4.16 – Updated procedure, replaced "Air, N2, Ar etc." with "Air or inert gas (e.g. N2, Ar etc.)"
		•	Section 4.23 – Updated procedure for clarification, deleted "by sampling"
		•	Section 4.24 – Updated procedure to add "heights" and delete "lengths"
		•	Section 4.25 – Deleted "length" from clause title, Updated purpose to replace lengths with heights
		•	Section 4.30 – Updated compliance, added missing letter "m" and (winding processes only)
		•	Section 4.33 – Updated purpose, procedure and compliance, added "core assembly" and deleted "winding".
		•	Section 4.37 – Updated procedure, added "and manufacturing inspection processes"
		•	Section 4.39 – Updated procedure for clarification
		•	Section 4.42 – Updated procedure for clarification. Updated compliance to add "Additionally, the process control documentation confirms that the insulating material is checked with resistive measurement or other technological means or methods."
		•	Section 4.43 – Updated procedure for clarification, added "Ensure that manufacturer's vision system is calibrated and repeatable."
		•	Section 4.48 – Updated procedure and compliance, deleted

		"Auditor"
		 Section 5.47 – Updated procedure, added "Alternative method to insulate the cells (with minimum thermal resistance with R value of 5) can be used to perform this test."
		 Section 6.4 – Updated compliance, added "After an initial settling period, the" and "Such transient effects are limited to charge initiation including the pre-charge condition. Repetitive undesirable transients may constitute non-compliance."
		 Section 9.2 – Updated procedure, deleted "The auditor shall"
		 Section 9.3 – Updated procedure, deleted "The auditor shall"
		 Section 4 – Updated Sample Size and Re-use Table, added purpose
		Section 7 - Updated Samples table, added purpose
July 2008	1.7	 Section 1.4 - Replaced "C" definition with C – Rated capacity of a Battery or Cell as defined by IEC 62133 and UL 2054.
		 Section 2 - Revised paragraph to refer to CRSL for variable definitions.
		 Section 2.1 - Deleted based on change to Section 2.
		 Section 2.2 - Deleted based on change to Section 2.
		 Section 4.13 - Added "unless demonstrated by documented evaluation report" to Compliance statement.
		Section 4.43 - Deleted repetitive "4.43".
		 Section 5.14 - Changed procedure statement from "one" to "five" samples.
		 Section 5.19 - Edited Purpose, Procedure and Compliance statements to require one overvoltage protection function for the combination of the cell and pack. Deleted any references to "host" and "overcharge".
		Section 5.28 - Deleted "6.11" from Compliance statement.
		 Section 5.38 - Added "electronic" to Purpose and Procedure statement. Replaced Compliance statement with "100% testing of the electronic protection circuit(s) is performed during the manufacturing process".
		• Section 5.43 - Replaced Compliance statement with "The manufacturer/supplier shall take adequate precautions to ensure that the charge rate does not exceed the maximum of any single cell in the event that the other cell(s) should become electrically disconnected."
		 Section 5 - Sample Requirements Summary - Changed "# Samples" to "5".
		 Section 6.31 - Deleted "and Vibration" from section title.

		Section 7.9 - Deleted "and Vibration Effects" from se Deleted " Vibration: Directly secure adapters to the v table. The adapters shall be randomly vibrated per N 810F method 514.5, Procedure I, Category 24, per F 514.5C-17. The test time shall be one hour per plane planes." from Procedure statement.	ibration 1IL-STD- ïgure
October 2008	1.8	General - Ambient Temperature defined in Section 1 °C. "Room" replaced with "ambient" in Sections 4.2, 4.50, 4.52, 5.8, 5.22 and 5.28; Table of Contents 4.4 and Section 5 - Sample Requirements Summary Tab Sec 5.8.	4.4, 4.5, and 5.8;
		Section 3.7 Compliance - Replaced "documentation that the cell is recognized and how the recognition w achieved" with "evidence showing that all tests called 1642 (user-replaceable) have passed".	as
		Section 4.4 Compliance - Replaced "Measurements demonstrate 0.1 mm separator coverage on each sid process margin). If less than 0.1 mm overlap is obse cell manufacturer shall submit supporting safety evid "Measurements shall demonstrate at least 0.1 mm se coverage on each side (plus process margin). If less mm overlap is observed, the cell manufacturer shall supporting safety evidence".	de (plus rved, the ence" with eparator than 0.1
		Section 4.36 Compliance - Deleted extra "4" from he Deleted "that" and "are" from "Validate the method of for insulating material properties is sufficient to provid protection from shorts over the projected lifetime of the Compliance statement. Inserted "method of assem" "Validate the" in second sentence.	f assembly de he cell" in
		Section 4.50 Compliance - Replaced "5 cells at 100% be suspended (no heat transfer allowed to non-integ components) in a gravity convection or circulating air room temperature. The oven temperature shall be ra 2°C per minute to 130 ± 2 °C. After 1 hour at 130 ± 2 ° is ended." with "5 fully charged cells (per cell manufa specifications) shall be suspended (no heat transfer non-integral cell components) in a gravity convection circulating air oven at ambient temperature. The ove temperature shall be ramped at 5 ± 2 °C per minute to 2°C. After 1 hour at 130 ± 2°C, the test is ended."	ral cell oven at mped at 5 ± .°C, the test acture's allowed to or n
		Section 5.14 Compliance - Replaced "The thermistor to track cell temperature throughout the entire operative temperature range of the battery pack. Packs of the model shall have the same voltage to temperature tra (acceptable tolerance no more than $\pm 10\%$)" with "Ve resistance of the battery pack's thermistor circuit, if u within +/-10% of the temperature-resistance translati specified by the thermistor manufacturer and battery designer, over the operating temperature range of the	ting same anslation rify the sed, is on, as pack

		• Section 5.23 Procedure - Replaced "Steady Force test shall be performed per UL 2054 paragraph 19" with "If the battery pack is user replaceable, perform the Steady Force test per UL 2054 on the battery pack. If the pack is non-user replaceable, the test may optionally be performed on the host device with the battery pack installed".
		 Section 5 - Sample Requirements Summary Table - Changed "Y" to "N" in "# Samples" column in "CRD Sec" rows 5.11 and 5.22.
		Section 6.16 Compliance - Replaced "cell" with "pack".
		• Section 9.4 Purpose - Replaced "Determine that the manufacturer has a means of identification within a battery pack to allow verification, by said manufacturer, of the battery pack and cells" with "Determine the manufacturer has a means of identification within a battery pack to allow verification, by said manufacturer, of the battery pack and cells if the external housing is destroyed".
		 Section 9.4 Compliance - Replaced "A means of identification has been implemented" with "A means of identification within the battery pack has been implemented to allow identification of cell(s) and pack, if the external housing is destroyed".
January 2009	1.9	 Section 4 Sample Table - Corrected sample count and reuse status based on current CRD and CRSL.
		 Section 5 Sample Table - Section 4 Sample Table - Corrected sample count and reuse status based on current CRD and CRSL.
		 Section 6 Sample Table - Section 4 Sample Table - Corrected sample count and reuse status based on current CRD and CRSL.
		 Section 7 Sample Table - Section 4 Sample Table - Corrected sample count and reuse status based on current CRD and CRSL.
March 2009	1.10	 Section 6.2 Purpose - Replaced " Connect the system and ensure the charging process is operating; the battery pack should have a state of charge greater than 90%. Inject Power Surges and transients per IEC 61000-4-5. Perform verification of over-current, overvoltage, and undervoltage functionality. Also conduct one charge-discharge cycle per section 6.11." with " For adaptors with AC mains ports apply transients of 1.2/50(8/20)µs waveform in accordance with IEC 61000-4-5. Ten transients (five positive and five negative) at levels of 1kV line to neutral, 2kV line to ground and 2kV neutral to ground, shall be applied at each zero crossing and peak (0, 90, 180 and 270 degrees phase angle) of the applied ac voltage. Transients shall be applied at a rate of one per minute. The equipment shall be on during the test and the battery pack shall be in the fully discharged state at the beginning of the test. If the adaptor has no ground connection only line to neutral transients need to be



			applied." and " When a DC-DC adapter is connected to an AC adapter then the combined unit needs to be tested as an AC adapter."
		•	Section 5.14 Compliance - Add "Verify that the thermistor resistance represents the temperature of the cell based on the pack manufacturers specification."
		•	Section 4 Sample Table 4.9 - Removed "Electrode Capacity Balance and" in "Name" column.
		•	Section 4 Sample Table 4.14 - Added "Supplementary" after "of" in "Name" column.
		•	Section 5 Sample Table 4.18 - Removed "Y" from "Reusable" column.
		•	Section 5 Sample Table 5.2 - Replaced "0" with "5" in "# samples" column.
		•	Section 5 Sample Table 5.2 - Removed "Use samples from 4.18" from "Reusable" column.
		•	Section 5 Sample Table 5.2-5.5, 5.11 - Replaced "Use samples from 4.18" with "Use samples form 5.2" in "Reusable" column.
		•	Section 5 Sample Table 5.11 - Replace "5" with "0" in "# of samples" column.
		•	Section 5 Sample Table Total Packs Required - Replaced "28" with "29" in "# of samples" column.
		•	Section 5.48 Compliance - Added "of the cells or pack" after "voltage" in the first sentence.
June 2009	1.11	•	Section 5 Sample Table 5.47 - Replaced "5" with "0" in "# of samples" column and removed "N" from "Reusable?" column.
		•	Section 5 Sample Table 5.48 - Replaced "0" with "5" in "# of samples" column and added "N" to "Reusable?" column.
		•	Section 6.2 Procedure - Added "or less. If testing done at rates faster than one per minute cause failures and tests done at one per minute do not, the test done at one per minute prevails." to the last sentence of first paragraph.
		•	Section 6.2 Procedure - Added " For adaptors connected to a vehicle wiring harness, apply pulses 1, 2a, 2b, 3a, 3b and 4 in accordance with ISO 7637-2, at test level III, for at least the minimum number of pulses or test time and for the minimum burst duration or at the minimum pulse repetition time." after first paragraph.
		•	Section 6 Sample Table 6.5 - Deleted "Use samples from 6.4" from "Reusable?" column.
		•	Section 6 Sample Table - Added Rows for 5.23 and 5.48 to address embedded packs requiring 5 pack samples.
November 2009	1.12	•	Section 1.4 Ambient Temperature - Changed "20" to "25".



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		Section 4.52 Procedure - Changed "25°C" to "Ambient Temperature".
		Section 4 Sample Table - Changed title of Table from "Samples Table" to "CATL Sample Submission Requirements".
		Section 5.11 Reference - Deleted repetitious "Section".
		Section 5.11 Procedure - Added "Before the test, the battery pack shall be fully charged according to Table A.2—Brief description of battery pack electrical tests of IEEE1725-2006, or according to the manufacturer's specifications."
		 Section 5.23 Procedure - Added "3 samples of" after "on" in the first sentence.
		 Section 5.48 Procedure - Added "at least" after "for" in sentence 6.
		Section 5.48 Compliance - Deleted "measured one hour after completing drop test" from last sentence.
		 Section 5 Sample Table - Changed title of Table from "Samples Table" to "CATL Sample Submission Requirements".
		 Section 6.16 Compliance - Added "and cell" after "pack" to sentence.
		 Section 6.20 Compliance - Added "provided in the host" to sentence.
		 Section 6 Sample Table - Changed title of Table from "Samples Table" to "CATL Sample Submission Requirements".
		Section 6 Sample Table 5.23 - Changed "5" to "3".
		 Section 6 Sample Table Total Samples Required - Added "16 for embedded packs" to Host column.
		Section 7 Sample Table - Changed title of Table from "Samples Table" to "CATL Sample Submission Requirements".
Echrucry 2010	1.13	 Replaced "supplier" and "manufacturer" with "Vendor".
February 2010		Table of Contents, 4.15 - Deleted comma after "ADHERENCE".
		Sections 1.1 and 1.3 – Removed references to CTIA Certification Program Management document
		Section 4.15 Title - Deleted comma after "Adherence".
	,	Section 4.44 Reference - Replaced "&" with "and".
		Section 5.15 Reference - Replaced "Section" with "and".
		Section 6.9 Title - Capitalize "I" in "Identification".
		Section 7.8 Purpose - Added "charger or" to first sentence.
April 2010	1.14	Section 1.3 - Added "or latest Revision" after "(ST/SG/AC.10/11/Rev4)".
		Section 1.3 - Added " Universal Serial Bus Specification,

	Revision 2.0 (27 April 2000)" and " Battery Charging Specification (15 April 2009). USB Implementers Forum, Inc." to Applicable Documents list.
•	Section 4.16 Procedure, Item 2a - Added "Penetrate the can" after "cell". Deleted "Drill hole" and "(bottom)".
•	Section 4.16 Procedure, Item 3 - Replaced "Insert needle without disturbing the cell internals" with "Connect cell to an inflow mechanism".
•	Section 4.52 Procedure - Added " Test shall be performed with fully charged cells." to first paragraph of Procedure
•	Section 5.48 Procedure - Deleted "For user replaceable batteries".
•	Section 6.1 Compliance - Added "For systems with recognized adapters" to beginning of first paragraph. Added "For systems without adapters, ensure that the system design specifies the use of a CTIA certified adapter and/or a USB port in a device that complies with the USB-IF certification requirements."
•	Section 6.2 Procedure - Added "For hosts without adapters, three representative adapters shall be tested with the host. The adapters shall be selected by the host manufacturer from available CTIA recognized or certified AC and DC adapters. At least one of each type (AC-DC and DC-DC) adapters shall be used for testing."
•	Section 6.2 Compliance - Added "For systems with recognized adapters" to beginning of first paragraph. Added "For hosts without adapters, hosts shall meet the above compliance criteria when tested with representative CTIA recognized or certified adapters."
•	Section 6.3 Compliance - Added "For systems with recognized adapters" to beginning of first paragraph. Added "For systems without adapters, no cascading failure through the system to the battery pack and/or cell after charging at 9 V for 24 hours. At a minimum a complete charge cycle shall be performed under normal operating conditions to validate performance system specification after application of overvoltage."
•	Section 6.20 Procedure - Added "For systems without adapters, perform the test with the host connected to the Adapter Simulator described in Appendix I."
•	Section 7.1 Compliance - Added "For systems with recognized adapters, verify host" to beginning of first paragraph. Added "For certified adapters, ensure that the adapter output is rated 5 \pm 0.25 V, 1000 \pm 500 mA."
•	Section 7.2 Procedure - Added " For certified adapters, perform the single fault test in Section 6.3 and the input test in Section 6.2 utilizing the host simulator in Appendix II at 0% and 100% loads. During surge testing, voltages on the output of the adapter shall be measured differentially at the host adapter using an oscilloscope."

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		•	Section 7.2 Compliance - Added "For systems with recognized adapters" to beginning of first paragraph. Added "For certified adapters, the adapter does not: disable or degrade the safety features of the supported host device; exceed 9 V during the worst case single fault test specified in Section 6.3; or result in transients or voltages greater than 12 V on the output circuits during or after the application of the input test specified in Section 6.2."
		•	Section 7.3 Compliance - Added "For systems with recognized adapters" to beginning of first paragraph. Added "For certified adapters, the adapter output must not exceed 9 V after the test."
		•	Section 7.4 Compliance - Added "For systems with recognized adapters" to beginning of first paragraph. Added "For certified adapters, connectors shall be robust and conform to USB specifications."
		•	Section 7.5 Compliance - Added "For systems with recognized adapters" to beginning of first paragraph. Added "For certified adapters, connectors shall conform to the spacings defined in USB specifications."
		•	Section 7.8 Compliance - Added "For systems with recognized adapters" to beginning of first paragraph. Added "For certified adapters, connectors shall comply with USB specifications."
		•	Section 8.1 Procedure - Added "CTIA certified adapters" after "connected to" in last paragraph.
		•	Added Appendix I - Adapter Simulator.
		•	Added Appendix II - Host Simulator.
		•	Moved Change History to Appendix III.
September 2010	1.15	•	Section 3.4 Purpose and Procedure - Deleted "UN (ST/SG/AC.10/11) Rev 4-2003 Section 38.3 Lithium Batteries"
		•	Section 3.5 Purpose and Procedure - Deleted "UN (ST/SG/AC.10/11) Rev 4-2003 Section 38.3 Lithium Batteries".
		•	Section 4.16 Procedure 3) - Replace "Insert needle" with "Connect cell to an inflow mechanism".
		•	Section 5.46 Purpose - Replace "Ensure that vendor complies with transportation regulatory testing requirements including the appropriate sections of UN Manual of Tests and Criteria" with "Ensure compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria".
		•	Section 5.46 Procedure - Replace "Review results of UN Transport testing for the design under evaluation" with "Confirm compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria"
		•	Section 5.46 Compliance - Replace "Complies with UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, 4th edition, Part III, sub-section 38.3" with "Vendor declaration of compliance document provided".

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		• Section 7.2 Procedure - Add "The oscilloscope shall be triggered from the surge generator. During the test the oscilloscope horizontal setting shall be adjusted from 1V/div to 50mV/div and the vertical setting shall be adjusted from 2ms/div to 400ns/div. The largest transients shall be recorded." to end of second paragraph.
		 Section 7.2 Compliance - Added "±1 V superimposed on the nominal 5V" after "greater than" and deleted "12 V on the" in second paragraph.
		 Appendix I - Added "Power output shall be between 4.75 - 5.25 under load." after "1.5 V batteries". Deleted "Batteries are "floating" to ground".
		 Appendix I - Moved shield to ground short to inside of Adapter simulator.
		 Appendix II - Added "Number of resistors in the Host Simulator is variable, and may be replaced with one or more variable resistors of sufficient power rating." to end of paragraph.
		 Appendix II - Moved shield to ground short at inside of Host simulator.
November 2010	1.16	 Section 7 Sample Table - Added sample requirement of "1" to 7.2 and 7.3 for Certified Adapters.
		 Section 8.1 Procedure - Added letters a through k (no i) to the beginning of each item.
		 Section 8.1 Compliance - Added " For non-user-replaceable batteries use sections: a, b, d, g, j, k and the final USB-IF statement."
May 2011	1.17	 Section 1.3 - Replaced "Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria, Fourth Revised Edition, United Nations, New York and Geneva, 2003, (ST/SG/AC.10/11/Rev4) or latest Revision." with "Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, Sub-section 38.3, Fourth or Fifth Revised Edition, United Nations, New York and Geneva."
		 Section 1.4 - Replaced "Ambient Temperature: 25 ± 5 °C" with "Ambient Temperature: 20 ± 5 °C".
		• Section 3.4 Procedure - Replaced "Confirm compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria." with "Review test report confirming compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria."
		 Section 3.4 Compliance - Replace "Confirm compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria." with "Test report confirming compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria exists."

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		•	Section 3.5 Procedure - Replaced "Confirm compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria." with "Review test report confirming compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria."
		•	Section 3.5 Compliance - Replace "Confirm compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria." with "Test report confirming compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria exists."
		•	Section 4.49 Purpose - Replace "To ensure the cell model meets transportation regulatory testing requirements including those listed in appropriate sections of UN Manual of Tests and Criteria." with "Ensure compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria."
		•	Section 4.49 Procedure - Replace "Refer to 3.5" with "Review test report confirming compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria."
		•	Section 4.49 Compliance - Replace "Refer to 3.5" with "Test report confirming compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria exists."
		•	Section 4.52 - Replaced "Ambient Temperature" with "25 \pm 5 °C".
		•	Section 5.46 Procedure - Replaced "Confirm compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria." with "Review test report confirming compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria."
		•	Section 5.46 Compliance - Replace "Confirm compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria." with "Test report confirming compliance to UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria exists."
August 2011	2.0	•	Section 1.1 - Replace "2006" with "2011".
		•	Section 1.3 - Update IEEE 1725 with current revision.
		•	Section 3.7 Purpose - Delete "User Replaceable Batteries".
		•	Section 3.7 Procedure - Delete "User Replaceable Batteries".
		•	Section 3.7 Compliance - Delete "(user-replaceable)".
		•	Section 4.15 Title - Delete "Adherence and".
		•	Section 4.15 Reference - Delete "and 5.2.5.3".
		•	Section 4.24 Purpose, Procedure and Compliance - Complete rewrite.



•	Section 5.25 Purpose - Add "This is not applicable if design prevention is present."
•	Section 5.25 Procedure - Add "This is not applicable if design prevention is present."
•	Section 5.25 Compliance - Add "This is not applicable if design prevention is present."
•	Section 4.38 Purpose - Replace "controlled to prevent short circuit" with "controlled to prevent cell core assembly damage or tab/can short circuits."
•	Section 4.38 Compliance - Replace "The position of negative and positive tabs are staggered so they do not overlap each other." to "Verify the position of negative and positive tabs do not create cell core assembly damage or tab/can short circuits. Alternatively, verify an insulator gasket isolates the tabs from the cell core assembly and can walls."
•	Section 4.40 Title - Replace "/Stack" with "Assembly".
•	Section 4.41 Title - Replace "Plate" with "Material".
•	Section 4.41 Purpose - Replace "To confirm the characteristics of the material, color, proper positioning and presence of insulating materials" with "To ensure an insulating method prevents shorting of cell core to the cell casing."
•	Section 4.41 Procedure - Replace "insulation plate" with "insulating method".
•	Section 4.41 Compliance - Replace "If the design requires an insulation plate, the plate shall be properly positioned and readily visible" with " Verify insulating method and verify insulating material is readily visible".
•	Section 4.42 Reference - Add "(NA - See 4.41)".
•	Section 4.43 Purpose - Replace "The proper alignment of positive and negative electrodes is critical to prevent hazards. The vendor shall conduct 100% inspection (post-winding or stacking of electrodes) and should use a vision system to inspect 100% of the electrode assemblies." with "The vendor shall use a vision system to inspect 100% of the cell cores".
•	Section 4.43 Compliance - Replace "each" with "all" and add "s or vendors supporting evidence justifies a lesser minimum overlap" to "side".
•	Section 4.46 Title - Capitalize "during".
•	Section 4.53 Reference - Add "(N/A - See 4.52, IEEE reference deleted in 2011 edition)".
•	Section 5.3 Compliance - Add "Embedded batteries are exempt from this requirement."
•	Section 5.4 Compliance - Add "Embedded batteries are exempt from this requirement."

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•	Section 5.8 Title - Add "Thermal" after "Ambient"
•	Section 5.8 Purpose - Replace "Confirm that the pack and host operate within their specified temperature ranges and that the total system interaction does not exceed the temperature ratings of any components at worst case conditions specified by host vendor" with "Confirm that thermal specifications of battery pack components are not exceeded when the pack is operated at the maximum-rated charge and the maximum rated discharge current, with the pack ambient temperature elevated to the maximum temperature specification of the host"
•	Section 5.8 Procedure - Replace "battery pack vendors specification" with " test results". Replace "worst case" with "maximum rated" in paragraphs 2, 5 and 6. Replace "temperature extremes" with "maximum operating temperature in paragraph 2". Add "(This simulates operating conditions in a host that are expected to produce maximum temperatures in the battery pack)" after "monitored temperatures" in paragraphs 5 and 6.
•	Section 5.14 Title - Replace "Protection" with "Sensor"
•	Section 5.14 Purpose - Replace "the thermistor, if used, adequately represents the temperature of the cell" with "a thermal sensor either in the battery pack and/or host monitors cell temperature and limits works with the system to limit operation within the cell's thermal specifications".
•	Section 5.14 Procedure - Replace "thermistor resistance" with "cell temperature". Add "operating the system and" after "while" and "and "beyond" after "throughout". Delete "of the system. A sample of five is required".
•	Section 5.14 Compliance - Replace "resistance of the battery pack's thermistor circuit, if used, is within +/-10% of the temperature-resistance translation, as specified by the thermistor vendor and battery pack designer, over the operating temperature range of the battery. Verify that the thermistor resistance represents the temperature of the cell based on the pack vendors specification" with "thermal protection mechanism limits operation within the cell's thermal specification".
•	5.15 Compliance - Replace " Charging is disabled when operating temperature limits of the Pack are exceeded" with Charging is disabled or other protective action is taken when the operating limits of the cell are exceeded".
•	Section 5.17 Compliance - Add "provided it limits the current to the maximum current specified in IEEE 6.6.1".
•	Section 5.23 Title - Replace "Mechanical Considerations" with "External Mechanical Force".
•	Section 5.23 Reference - Replace "6.9" with "6.9.9".
•	Section 5.23 Procedure - Replace "user replaceable" with "non- embedded" and "non-user replaceable" with "embedded".

	•	Section 5.43 Compliance - Add "a single fault causes" after "that".
	•	Section 5.48 Procedure - Add "For embedded packs, one of the following tests is conducted based on the end use application defined by the pack vendor. If the pack can be used in both applications, the worst case test condition shall be used.". Add "Where the normal use of the device is at the head level". Replace "for at least" with "a maximum of". Add "within 5 minutes" after "packs" and "within 1 hour" after "packs". Add "For all other devices the pack shall be subjected to the drop test in UL 2054."
	•	Section 5.48 Compliance - Add "Based on the test conducted, one of the following applies." and "The compliance requirement in UL 2054 shall be satisfied."
	•	6.3 Reference - Add "7.1".
	•	6.13 Purpose - Replace "and periodic update communication is used" with "for example SMBus or I ² C" and "upon interruption of the interface" with "if communication is prevented or interrupted".
	•	6.13 Procedure - Add "Prevent or" to beginning of first sentence.
	•	6.13 Compliance - Add "for systems that employ an electronic communications interface".
	•	6.20 Title - Replace "ESD" with "Electrostatic Discharge"
	•	6.33 Title - Replace "Foreign Objects Critical Testing Practices" with "Foreign Objects".
	•	Section 6 - CATL Sample Submission Requirements, 7.3 - Replace "0" with "1" for "Host, Pack, and Adapter". Delete "Use samples from 6.20" from "Reusable column".
	•	7,1 Title - Add "Attributes"
	•	7.1 Purpose - Replace "Ensure adapter meets input requirements of the supported host charging device" with "Ensure listed attributes are specified for the adapter".
	•	7.1 Procedure - Replace "Review adapter and host documentation" with "Review adapter specification".
	•	 7.1 Compliance - Replace "For systems with recognized adapters, verify host input requirements are not violated" with" Verify adapter specifications include a) maximum output voltage, b) minimum output voltage, c) maximum output voltage under a single fault, d) mechanical attributes that define connector interface (including mechanical design, electrical pin-out, and metallurgy), e) minimum output current, and f) if applicable, electrical interface attributes for identification, authentication, etc.".
	•	7.4 Title - Replace "Mating of Adapter and Charger" with "Connector Design of Adapter and Host and Adapter-Host

			Reliability".
		•	9.1 Compliance - Add "Embedded batteries are exempt from this requirement."
		•	9.3 Title - Add "ing" to "Avoid".
		•	10.1 Title - Add "s" to "Requirements"
		•	10.4 - 10.10 Reference - Add "(N/A - See compliance)"
December 2011	2.1	•	4.52 Procedure - Replace " a maximum resistance load of 0.1 ohm" with "a resistance load of 80 +/- 20 milliohms.
		•	4.53 - Delete Purpose, Procedure and Compliance.
		•	5.11 Procedure - Delete "-2006" from IEEE 1725 reference.
		•	5.11 Compliance - Replace "Current is limited to a value that does not cause failures to safety features of the pack. No fire, smoke, or explosions occur" with "The battery pack has short circuit protection and limits the discharge current. All safety features shall remain operational, or the pack shall be permanently disabled. No fire, smoke, or explosions occurs".
		•	5.43 Compliance - Add "This does not apply to single cell packs."
		•	8.1 Procedure (f) - Delete "-200x" from IEEE 1725 reference.
May 2012	2.2	•	Section 4 Sample Table 4.53 - Replace "5" with "0" in "Samples for Test" column and delete " Samples cannot be reused" from "Reusable" column.
		•	Section 4 Sample Table 4.18 - Replace " Use samples from 4.4" with "See pack sample table" in "Reusable" column.
		•	Section 4 Sample Table 4.38 - Delete "Use samples from 4.4" in "Reusable" column.
		•	Section 5.5 Purpose - Add "Host or Pack" before "Vendor".
		•	Section 5.5 Compliance - Add "Host or Pack" before "Vendor".
		•	Section 5.11 Procedure - Replace "<=100 mohms" with "of 80 +/- 20 milliohms"
		•	Section 5.14 Purpose - Replace " Validate that a thermal sensor either in the battery pack and/or host monitors cell temperature and limits works with the system to limit operation within the cell's thermal specifications" with " Validate that a thermal sensor either in the battery pack and/or host monitors cell temperature and enables the system to limit operation within the cell's thermal specifications".
		•	Section 5.14 Procedure - Replace "Instrument pack with thermocouples located on the warmest part of the cell (typically the center of the largest surface). Monitor cell temperature while operating the system and causing the cell temperature to change throughout and beyond the operating range" with "Place the device(s) that contain(s) the thermal sensor in an environmental chamber and monitor the output of the thermal

			sensor over the operating temperature range of the cell. Do not charge or discharge the pack during this test".
		•	Section 5.14 Compliance - Replace "Verify the thermal protection mechanism limits operation within the cell's thermal specification" with "Verify the output of the thermal sensor meets its specification over the operating temperature range of the cell".
		•	Section 5.48 Reference - Replace "6.14.6" with 6.14.4".
		•	Section 5.48 Procedure - Add comma after "head level" in second paragraph.
		•	Section 5 Sample Table - Add "CATL" before "Sample" title.
		•	Section 6 Sample Table - Add 5.14 and specify 5 Host, 5 Pack and 0 Adapter samples.
		•	Section 6 Sample Table 5.23 - Replace "0" with "3" in "Host Samples" column.
		•	Section 6 Sample Table 5.48 - Replace "0" with "5" in "Host Samples" column.
		•	Section 6 Sample Table 6.4 - Replace all samples of "1" with "0" and add "Use samples from 6.10 to "Reusable" column.
		•	Section 8.1 Procedure - Add "Only authorized service providers shall replace battery. (If the battery is non-user replaceable).
August 2012	2.3	•	Section 1.3 - Remove "2000" from "ANSI/ISO/ASQ-Q9001" reference.
		•	Section 4 Sample Table 4.4 - Delete 4.38 in reusable column.
		•	Section 5.47 Reference - Replace "6.14.5" with "6.14.3".
		•	Section 5.47 Procedure - Replace "6.14.5.1" with "6.14.3.1" and "6.14.5.1.4" with "6.14.3.1.4.
		•	Section 5.47 Compliance - Replace "6.14.5.1.7" with "6.12.3.1.7"
		•	Section 6.10 Compliance - Add "This requirement applies to removable and embedded packs" after initiated.
		•	Section 6 Sample Table 7.3 - Add "N" to reusable column.
		•	Section 6 Sample Table Total Samples Required - Add "(16 for embedded packs)" in Host column. Change "16" to "21" in Pack column.
		•	Section 6 Sample Table 5.23 and 5.48 - Add "unless tested during pack recognition" after "Only" in Name column.
		•	Section 10.3 Purpose, Procedure and Compliance - Replace "vendor" with "manufacturer/supplier".
		•	Section 10.3 Purpose, Procedure and Compliance - Replace "ISO-9000: 2000 or equivalent" with "ISO-9000".
December	2.4	•	Section 3.2 Purpose and Procedure - Add "-1" to "60950".

2012		•	Section 4.5 Procedure - Add "shall be" after "SOC" and "an" after "in".
		•	Section 6.10 Compliance - Add "For embedded packs the method of compliance may be verifying the cell/pack part number."
		•	Section 6.21 Purpose and Compliance - Delete "charging".
		•	Section 6.23 Procedure - Delete "A sample of one is required."
		•	Section 6 Sample Table - Add "Sample count in table is based on single sample submission (1 battery & 1 adapter type). Sample count is based on Recognized Adapter / Battery in system certification. If request is for multiple adapters/batteries (recognized) additional sample count is required." after Sample Table.
April 2013	2.5	•	Section 5.20 Purpose – Add "and to ensure that two overcharge mechanisms are present in the system."
		•	Section 5 Sample Table 5.19 and 5.20.
		•	Section 6.2 Procedure and Compliance – Modified "For systems without specified adapters (which must have a USB port) shall be tested with a certified adapter" and removed "recognized or" from both the Procedure and Compliance. Remove pulse "4" from requirement. Add revision 2011.
		•	Section Clause 6.20 Procedure - Add "Additionally" and "specified", remove "For".
		•	Section 7.3 Procedure – Add "Certified adapters must be connected to host simulator for the test."
		•	Section 7.3 Compliance – Add "Note: N/A is only applicable for systems without specified adapters."
August 2013	2.6	•	Section 4.19 Reference - Modified "IEEE 1725, Section 5.2.8".
		•	Section 4.19 Purpose - Modified "recommended maximum voltage for the appropriate pack overvoltage protection function."
		•	Section 5.17 Compliance - Modified "IEEE 1725 Section 6.6.1".
		•	Section 5.20 Compliance - Add "be" and two "Protection".
		•	Section 5.46 Reference change to "4.2 Table 2".
		•	Section 5.47 Procedure "Figure 1".
December 2013	2.7	•	Section 1.3 Applicable Documents - Updated UL 2054 to September 14, 2011.
		•	Section 1.3 Applicable Documents - Updated Battery Charging Specification to Revision 1.2, March 15, 2012.
		•	Section 1.3 Applicable Documents - Added Universal Serial Bus Cables and Connectors Class Document.
		•	Section 1.3 Applicable Documents - Added OMTP Common Charging and Local Data Connectivity.

		 Section 1.3 Applicable Documents - Added IEC 62684:2011, Interoperability specifications of common external power supply (EPS) for use with data-enabled mobile telephones.
		 Section 5.48 Procedure - Remove "For embedded packs". Add "HEAD LEVEL" and "ALL OTHER CASES".
		• Section 6. Sample Table - for 6.3 Adapter sample: add 1 and total 7.
		 Added Sections 7.16 ~ 7.28, and updated Sample Table for Certified Adapter.
May 2014	2.8	• Section 4.17 - Updated the version of UL 1642 to "Mar. 2012 release".
		 Section 6.2 Compliance - Modified the second and third sentences.
June 2015	2.9	• Section 3. 7 Title, Purpose, Procedure, Compliance - Included IEC 62133 (with US deviations if applicable).
		• Sections 4, 5, 6, 7 - Editorial updates.
		Section 8. 1 Compliance - Added section "f".
December 2015	2.10	 Section 5.8 Purpose - Changed "pack" to "host-pack combination".
2010		• Section 6.5 Procedure - Removed "A sample of one is required."
		Section 6.7 Procedure - Added "A sample of one is required."
		 Section 7 - Added at the beginning "All tests will be performed on a single sample unless otherwise specified (all samples must pass compliance)".
June 2017	2.11	Added Section 4.54 - External Short Circuit Test of Temperature Cycled Cells.
		 Section 5.48 Procedure – Modified to require non-user replaceable packs to be tested in host.